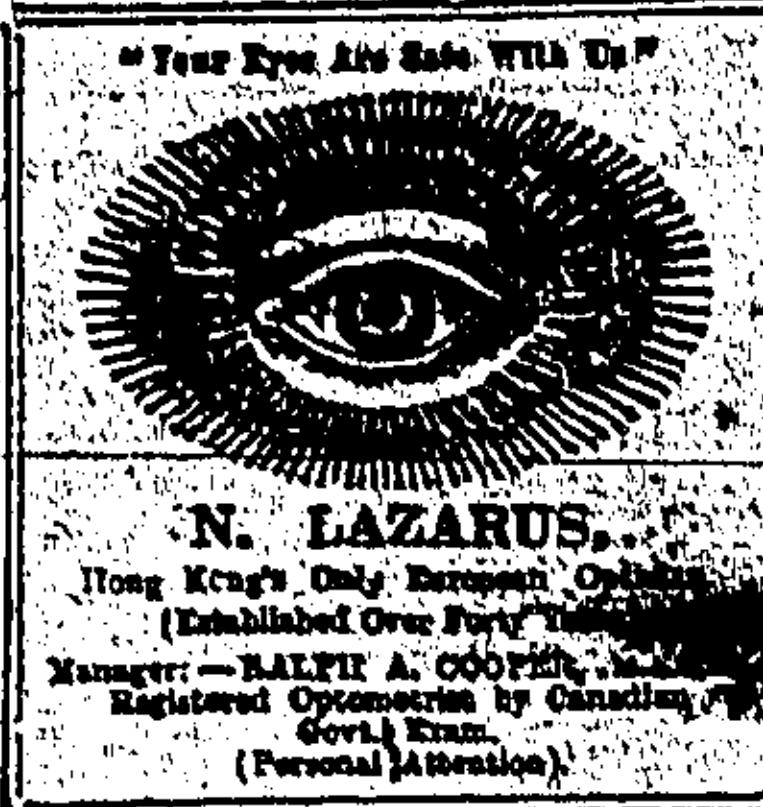


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## KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY. TIME-TABLE.

WEEKDAYS.		A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Kowloon	Dep.	6.40	8.05	9.10	10.00	12.00	1.15	2.15	4.35
Yau Ma Tei	Dep.	6.49	8.14	9.19	10.09	12.09	1.24	2.24	4.44
Shatin	Dep.	7.01	8.26	9.31	10.21	12.21	1.36	2.36	4.56
Tai Po	Dep.	7.15	8.40	9.45	10.35	12.35	1.50	2.50	5.10
Tai Po Market	Dep.	7.20	8.45	9.50	10.40	12.40	1.55	2.55	5.15
Fanning	Dep.	7.30	8.55	10.00	10.50	12.50	2.05	3.05	5.25
Sham Shui Po	Dep.	7.35	9.00	10.05	10.55	12.55	2.10	3.10	5.30
Sham Shui Po	Arr.	7.41	9.06	10.11	11.01	13.01	2.16	3.16	5.36
Canton	Arr.	—	11.50	6.58	—	—	—	—	—

SUNDAYS AND PUBLIC HOLIDAYS.		A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Kowloon	Dep.	6.40	8.05	9.10	10.00	12.00	1.15	2.15	4.35
Yau Ma Tei	Dep.	6.49	8.14	9.19	10.09	12.09	1.24	2.24	4.44
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Tai Po	Dep.	7.15	8.40	9.45	10.35	12.35	1.50	2.50	5.10
Tai Po Market	Dep.	7.20	8.45	9.50	10.40	12.40	1.55	2.55	5.15
Fanning	Dep.	7.30	8.55	10.00	10.50	12.50	2.05	3.05	5.25
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Canton	Arr.	—	11.50	6.58	—	—	—	—	—

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## LONDON ON THE PHONE.

553,534,371 LOCAL CALLS.

OVER HALF A MILLION SUBSCRIBERS.

DEVELOPMENTS DURING LAST 12 MONTHS.

The total number of telephones in the London area at the end of 1922 was 585,590. Local calls last year numbered 553,534,371.

The average number of inland trunk calls originated in London daily was 16,340.

The total mileage of single wire provided for subscribers' lines and local junctions in the London area is now 2,389,138, an increase during the year of 336,000 miles.

The London telephone directory now contains 295,500 entries. The number of directories issued in 1922 exceeded 800,000. These weighed 1,700 tons.

Developing The Kiosks.

Outstanding events in 1922, it is recorded in the official Review of telephone progress issued recently, have been the opening of the first automatic exchange in the London area, and the establishment of a mechanical tandem junction exchange.

Other features were the inauguration of wireless telephone services to the United States and Canada, the development of the telephone services to other European countries, and the opening of an additional exchange to improve communication between towns in the area served by the "Toll exchange."

The bright red kiosks, which have proved so successful in London, are mentioned in the report. Altogether there are 755 kiosks in the London area, providing night and day service. There is much difficulty in obtaining sites for kiosks. Many suggested sites do not meet with the approval of the local authorities, whose consent is required. By close co-operation between these authorities and the Post Office rapid progress is being made in developing this facility.

Twenty new telephone exchange buildings are in course of erection, and sites for 32 additional exchanges have been obtained.

Connections With Eleven Countries.

Eleven Continental countries are now connected with England by direct telephone lines, and the amount of traffic is increasing rapidly; a Post Office official told a London Morning Post representative.

Within the last few months two direct lines to Switzerland, one to Zurich and one to Basel have been installed, and during the past few weeks they have been kept busy by English people taking part in winter sports. Communication can be established in a few minutes when the pressure on the lines is not great. It is possible to speak to a friend in Switzerland less than ten minutes after asking "Trunks" for his number. The charge is 9s. 6d. for three minutes by day and 6s. 9d. by night.

The charge for three minutes' conversation with Prague (Czechoslovakia) is 10s. 9d. by day and 8s. 6d. by night, while for Budapest (Hungary) it is 10s. 6d. and 8s. 3d. (Three minutes' talk with Oslo (Norway) costs 10s. 6d. by day and 11s. by night).

GIRL ELECTROCUTED.

RADIATOR FALLS INTO HER BATH.

Margaret Hall, aged 11, of Coventry, was found by her mother dead in her bath, into which a small electric radiator had fallen.

At the inquest, a doctor said the whole current would pass through the girl's body, giving her no chance of escape.

A verdict of accidental death was returned.

Fatal Hot Bath After Football.

To indulge in a very hot bath after a strenuous game of football is a very risky procedure.

said a medical man at an inquest at Worthing (Sussex), upon Edward Harry Maurice Harris, a Rugby footballer, who was found dead in his bath at home.

He had just returned from a match at Brighton, and plunging into hot water had a fainting attack and was drowned.

A verdict according to the evidence was returned.

## CONFESSED FORGER AGED 14.

LIFE AT HOTELS.

PISTOLS, DAGGERS, AND JEWELLERY IN KIT.

An extraordinary story was told at Bow Street (London) Juvenile Court on January 31st, when a bright-looking 14-year-old boy was charged with stealing five cheques belonging to Mrs. Charles Allen Bennett, K.C., of Old Square, Lincoln's Inn, by whom he had been employed as an office boy.

Detective Sergeant Johnston said that he saw the accused and another boy leaving a West End theatre and told them that they answered the description of two boys reported missing from their homes. The accused asked: "What do you know?" and when told that the police only knew that they were reported missing he added: "You evidently don't know much."

Turning to the other boy, he said: "Mum's the word. Keep your mouth shut and say nothing."

On arriving at Bow Street he himself made the following statement: "In the vacation I was given a lot of old cheques and told to put them in order. I had an idea to make easy money. I put three cheques in my pocket and took them and copied the signature of Mr. Bennett and found I could do it all right. The idea grew in my head. Just before Christmas I took a cheque out of Mr. Bennett's book, filled it in for £10 and took it to the bank to cash it. To my surprise nothing happened and I found I had got away with it. I thought: 'This is all right. I will try some more.' The £10 didn't last long. I forged another cheque for £50 and obtained the money in the same way. Shortly after that I forged another cheque for £20 and then another for £100. Then I left home, stopping to get to Canada and make good. The £100 soon went, as I was staying at a West End hotel. I had the key of the office, and I went there one night and took another cheque and forged it for £100 and cashed it. I bought a lot of clothes for myself and my pal and we left our old clothes at the hotel. I spent practically all the money on theatre, jewellery, and travelling about. We intended to go to Southampton and from there to Canada to take up farming. I gave my pal part of the money."

The detective said the boy ran up a bill of £10 at the hotel. In his room were a gold watch and chain, a gold matchbox, silver cigarette case, silver case, diamond ring, silver-fitted dressing case, two Webley and Scott pistols, and two daggers. Two pharman tickets for Southampton were also found.

Mr. O. A. Bennett, K.C., said that the boy was dismissed a few weeks after being absent from the office for a week. The signatures on the cheques were extraordinarily good imitations of his own.

The father of the boy said he met with a serious accident last summer and had not been the same since.

A remand was ordered.

PAPAL AUTHORITY IN ITALY.

TWO JURISTS APPOINTED TO CONSIDER IT.

Two legal experts have been selected informally by the Vatican and by the Italian Government to consider unofficially the jurisdiction questions involved in the temporal authority of the Pope.

Signor Pacelli, the brother of the Vatican representative at Berlin, and Signor Giannini, the Italian State councillor, are engaged in elucidating:

1. The character of the sovereignty of the Pope.

2. How this sovereignty might be acknowledged on the part of Italy.

3. The Papal claims to property including churches and institutions in Rome and elsewhere.

4. What would constitute a "subject" according to Pontifical sovereignty.

5. International anatomy of the Pope in the light of pontifical, temporal, and telegraphic facilities.

The correspondent says that the Pope, in spite of the Italian "Law of Guarantees," which safeguards his rights, wishes to have three rights fully acknowledged and not unilaterally as at present—British United Press.

## DIARY OF EVENTS.

Today.

King's College Opening Ceremony by Sir Cecil Clementi, 3 p.m.

St. Andrew's Young Men's Club Annual Marathon Race, 4.30 p.m. at Kowloon.

St. Paul's Institution (Anglo-French School) Causeway Bay, prize distribution by Lady Clementi, 5 p.m.

Talk on "My Personal Experiences in Russia" by Mr. R. C. Tredwell (U.S. Consul General) at Helena May Institute, 5.30 p.m.

Queen's Theatre: "The Circus." World Theatre: "The Mantrap."

Star Theatre: "The Whole Town's Talking."

Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel and Hotel Savoy, 4.30 p.m.; King Edward Hotel, 5 p.m.; Lane, Crawford's Restaurant, 4.30-6.30 p.m.

St. Peter's Club Debate: "That the Chinese exert a greater influence on public opinion than the Press," 8.30 p.m.

St. Stephen's Girls College lecture: "The Principles of Greek Balance," Mrs. Diana Watt, 4.30 p.m.

Tuesday.

Hockey: H.K. Hockey Club 2nd XI. v. H.K.S.R.A., at Marina Ground, Kowloon, 5 p.m.

Cheer 'O Canten' Meeting of Lady Helpere, Helena May Institute, 10.30 a.m.

Sanitary Board fortnightly meeting, 4.15 p.m.

Annual Inspection of St. John's Ambulance Brigade by H.E. The Governor, Murray Parade Ground, 8.15 p.m.

Cathedral Hall debate: Subject: "That in making the World Christian, emphasis should be laid on winning individuals, rather than on changing wrong conditions," 6 p.m.

Queen's Theatre: "The Circus." World Theatre: "The Crown of Lies."

Star Theatre: "Altars of Desire."

Principal Mails:—Outward: Europe via Marseilles (Glauco), 2.30 p.m.; Europe via Siberia (President McKinley), 5 p.m.

Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel and Hotel Savoy, 4.30 p.m.; King Edward Hotel, 5 p.m.; Lane, Crawford's Restaurant, 4.30-6.30 p.m.

Wednesday.

Hockey: Hockey Club 1st XI. v. Navy U.S.R.C. Ground, 5.15.

Fauling Hunt. Meet at the Stables, 2.45, Fanning.

Queen's Theatre: "The Circus." World Theatre: "The Crown of Lies."

Star Theatre: "Altars of Desire."

Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel and Hotel Savoy, 4.30 p.m.; King Edward Hotel, 5 p.m.; Lane, Crawford's Restaurant, 4.30-6.30 p.m.

Principal Mails:—Outward: Europe via Marseilles (Glauco), 2.30 p.m.; Europe via Vancouver (Queer), 5 p.m.

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## RUBBER INDUSTRY.

### CO-OPERATION RESOLUTION.

#### DIVERGENT VIEWS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

THE HAGUE, March 2nd.  
Heer Burger, one of the principal members of the committee whose resolution was adopted at yesterday's meeting of the Dutch Rubber Growers' Association, concerning it was thought, tentative co-operation with foreign growers, interviewed by Reuter, said that no agreement was reached as regards a selling organisation, the formation of a pool, or the restriction policy.

The meeting, however, adopted a resolution agreeing to entrust to the Committee the interests of the Dutch producers, thus the way was open to ultimate presentation of well-defined proposals for the approval of Dutch producers.

The resolution passed by the meeting also opens up another possibility, that of including foreign interests in the proposals.

In other words, the Committee has been given a mandate to negotiate with foreign producers as well as consumers, which could conceivably lead to the solution of the international rubber problem.

Heer Burger made an unexpected declaration to the interviewer. He maintained that the term "mutual co-operation" used in the resolution, applied merely to Dutch interests, the mutual co-operation being among themselves.

He did, however, express the opinion that if the question of a discussion with foreign interests arose, the Committee was fully entitled to conduct such discussions.

#### Divided Opinion.

AMSTERDAM, March 2nd.

The resolution passed by the rubber growers has left a most divided impression among the producers.

The *Telegraaf* says that those most interested in the mooted co-operation with the British growers and the imposition of effective restriction thereby, described the result of the meeting as very poor.

The journal expresses the opinion that owing to the divergent views regarding restriction it is quite comprehensible that the restriction proposals did not meet with unanimous approval, and that the meeting did not adopt a definite decision or a clear-cut scheme to indicate future action.

#### Strong British Statement.

Iron, Feb. 23rd.  
Strong views on the rubber position were expressed at the annual meeting of the Perak Chamber of Commerce where Colonel R. Baldwin's statements in the House of Commons were doing untold harm to the most valuable industry in the Empire, whereby much of the American war debt had been liquidated.

He observed as curious that, when he was recently in America, the general opinion was that restriction would be abandoned in six months.

He urged that strong representations be made to London of the very harmful effects of the present doubts and uncertainties.

## GERMAN OFFICIALS' GRIM EXPERIENCE.

### IN ROOM WITH MADMAN AND BOX OF EXPLOSIVES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

BERLIN, March 2nd.  
A startling incident occurred in a German Government office to-day. Herr Heinrich Langkopp, a farmer who spent twenty years in German East Africa, served as captain of the German troops, and lost all his possessions in the War, as the result of which he claimed 120,000 marks compensation from the German Government, visited the private room of the Vice-President of the War Compensation Committee, and presented a revolver at his head.

He also threatened to drop a box of explosives and to blow up the building unless the claim was paid instantly.

The Vice-President temporised for three hours, and finally attempted to escape from the room. Langkopp fired five shots and dropped the box. The shots all missed their objective and the box failed to explode.

Langkopp was immediately arrested, but he is believed to have lost his reason.

## CHICAGO'S MAYOR SUE FOR LIBEL.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

CHICAGO, March 2nd.  
A surprising development has occurred in connection with "Big Bill" Thompson's campaign against alleged pro-British propaganda in Chicago schools. Mr. McAndrew, the Schools Superintendent, who was arrested before the Education Board on charges of fostering British propaganda, having initiated proceedings against the Mayor, Mr. McAndrew is suing for libel and claims \$250,000 damages.

## BRITISH DIPLOMATIC CHANGES.

### AMBASSADORS APPOINTED TO LISBON AND MADRID.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUGBY, March 2nd.  
The King has approved the appointment of Sir George Grahams, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary at Brussels, to be Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary at Madrid, in place of Sir Horace Rumbold, appointed Ambassador in Berlin.

[Sir George Grahams, G.C.V.O., K.C.M.G., has been Ambassador at Brussels since 1920. In the Diplomatic Service for over 30 years, Sir George has held various high appointments, including Buenos Aires, Rome, and Paris. In 1923, he acted as the British delegate to the Sixth Assembly of the League of Nations.]

#### Sir Colville Barclay.

The King has approved the appointment of Sir Colville Barclay, Envoy Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary at Lisbon.

[Sir Colville Barclay, K.C.M.G., C.B., C.B.E., M.V.O., has been British Minister at Budapest since 1924. He entered the Diplomatic Service as an Attaché in 1894, became Councillor of Embassy, Washington in 1913, and Minister Plenipotentiary to Washington in 1918. He was Ambassador to Sweden in the five years preceding his Budapest appointment.]

## REICHSTAG DEBATE.

### BATTLE-CRUISER DISCUSSION.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

BERLIN, March 2nd.  
A lively debate took place in the Committee of the Reichstag to-day on the question whether Germany needs to build a 10,000-ton battle-cruiser, at an estimated cost of 24,000,000.

General Groener, the Minister of Defence, urged that the new warship was absolutely necessary to replace one which was 26 years old, and stated that even the most serious financial position should not make Germany voluntarily disarm beyond the limits of the Versailles Treaty.

The new ship, he urged, is necessary for the protection of German ports and vital communications in the Baltic, to assure the security of East Prussia and to safeguard Germany's neutrality.

The opposition to the proposal was taken up principally by the Socialists and Democrats.

Dr. Haas described the demand as a revival of the old militarism. The new cruiser was wanted merely for reasons of prestige.

Another Socialist deputy declared that ships were apparently wanted in order to give the numerous captains on the active list a chance to command a battle-cruiser.

## BRITISH FLYING TRAGEDY.

### THREE KILLED IN AIR CRASH.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUGBY, March 2nd.  
The Air Ministry announces as the result of an accident to-day at the Isle of Grain, to a Fairey "Three F" machine, the pilot, Sergeant Maitman, and two passengers were killed.

#### The Ill-Fated Machine.

The aeroplane was a Fairey "Three F," similar to the machine which made a service flight from Cairo to Capetown last year.

The machine is described by the Air Ministry as a three-seater of the general service type. It was occupied by a sergeant-pilot and two airmen, all of whom were killed. The cause of the accident is not yet known.

## NORWEGIAN SPLIT.

### DISSENSION IN COMMUNIST CIRCLES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

OSLO, March 2nd.  
Three prominent members of the Executive Committee of the Communist Party have resigned following a condemnation by the party leaders of the formation of the recent short-lived Labour Government to which they assented.

## COMMUNIST PLOTTERS IN PORTUGAL.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

OSLO, March 2nd.  
The authorities are ferreting out the Communist plot, and numerous other Bolsheviks have been arrested.

Two hundred bombs and other explosives have been seized in Oporto.

The Minister of the Interior proposes to depart to Timor Island all who have been arrested as allegedly concerned in the outrages.

## HONG KONG STOCK EXCHANGE.

### CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

March 2nd, 1928.	
B.K. Bank	1,910 buy, 1,224 sell
Do.	London 2123 nom.
Chartered Bank	2211 buy
Merchants Bank, A. & S.	2232 nom.
Do.	C. 2214 nom.
P. & O. Bank	2211 nom.
East Asia Bank	2674 buy
Canton Insurance	244 buy
Union Insurance	2323 buy, 323 sell
North China Ins.	Tia. 143 nom.
Xangsha Insurance	M. 248 buy
China Underwriters	2320 buy
China Fire Insurance	2316 nom.
Hong Kong Fire Ins.	2100 buy
Do.	248 nom.
H.K. Steamships	227 buy
H.K. Tugs	2280 nom.
Indo-China (Prod.)	235 sell
Do.	240 nom.
Shall Transports	250 nom.
Waterworks	254 nom.
Beangchi	254 nom.
Kaim Mining Ad.	Tia. 181 nom.
Langkai (combined)	Tia. 10 nom.
Do. (single)	Tia. 10 nom.
S'hai Explorations	Tia. 24 buy
Shanghai Loans	Tia. 610 nom.
Roads	244 nom.
Tromb Mines	1778 buy
S. E. & W. Wharves	2180 buy
H.K. & W. Wharves	2484 sell
China Provident	250 nom.
Hongkong	Tia. 166 buy
New Engineering	Tia. 480 buy
Shanghai Docks	Tia. 98 buy
Two Cottons	Tia. 825 buy, 840/80 sell
Oriental Cottons	Tia. 215 buy, 210 sell
S'hai Cottons (old)	Tia. 254 buy
Do. (new)	Tia. 23 buy
H.K. & S. Hotels	2835 buy
H.K. Lands	2844 nom.
Shanghai Lands	Tia. 137 buy
Humphreys Estates	214 buy
Hong Kong Realities	2830 nom.
H.K. Territorials	21 nom.
H.K. Tramways	2245 buy
H.K. & W. Wharves	2484 sell
Bank Trans (old)	2484 sell
Star Ferries	263 nom.
China Lights (comb.)	2172 buy
Do. (old)	2124 buy
Do. (new)	2124 nom.
H.K. Electric	2724 sell
Shaco Electric	2111 buy
Telephones	2445 buy, 44 sell
China Buses	Tia. 64 nom.
Singapore Tramways	2112 nom.
China Sugars	21040 buy
Malayan Sugars	2274 nom.
Canton Ice	24 nom.
Cements (combined)	21130 buy, 114 sell
Do. (old)	2935 nom.
Do. (new)	2914 nom.
H.K. Buses (new)	2970 sell
Do.	2914 nom.
United Asbestos	210 sell
Dairy Farms	2204 buy
Watsons	21240 buy
Der A Wings	24 sell
Lane Overfalls	234 buy
Locksmiths	222 sell
Shanghai	239 buy
Wm. Powell	239 buy
H.K. Amusements	239 buy
H.K. Constructions	231 nom.
Equa. Indus. G.S. Bonds	604 buy, 604 sell
H.K. Govt Loans	6% prem. buy, 6% prem. sell; 5% prem. buy, 5% prem. sell

## EXCHANGE RATES.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUGBY, March 3rd.	
Paris	124
Brussels	35.01
Amsterdam	12.123
Berlin	20.42
Copenhagen	18.21
Vienne	34.62
Helsingfors	123
Lisbon	2.9/32
Bucharest	794
Buenos Aires	47.29/32
New York	4.87.25/32
Geneva	25.34
Milan	92.35
Stockholm	18.17
Cairo	18.32
Prague	164
Madrid	25.39
Athens	269
Rio	5.69/84

(Continued on next column.)



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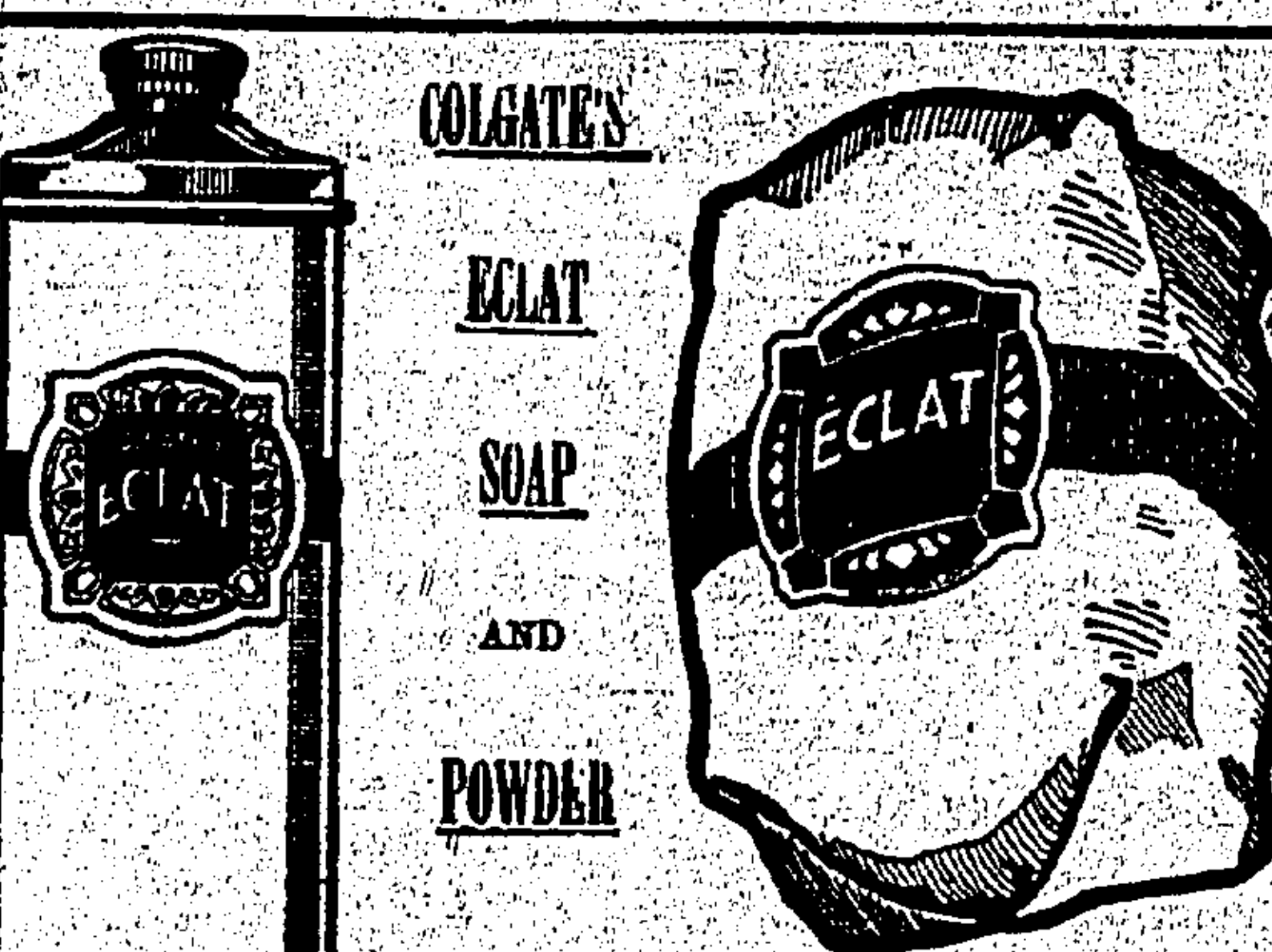
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Shanghai	2/64	Silver (forward)	23.1/10

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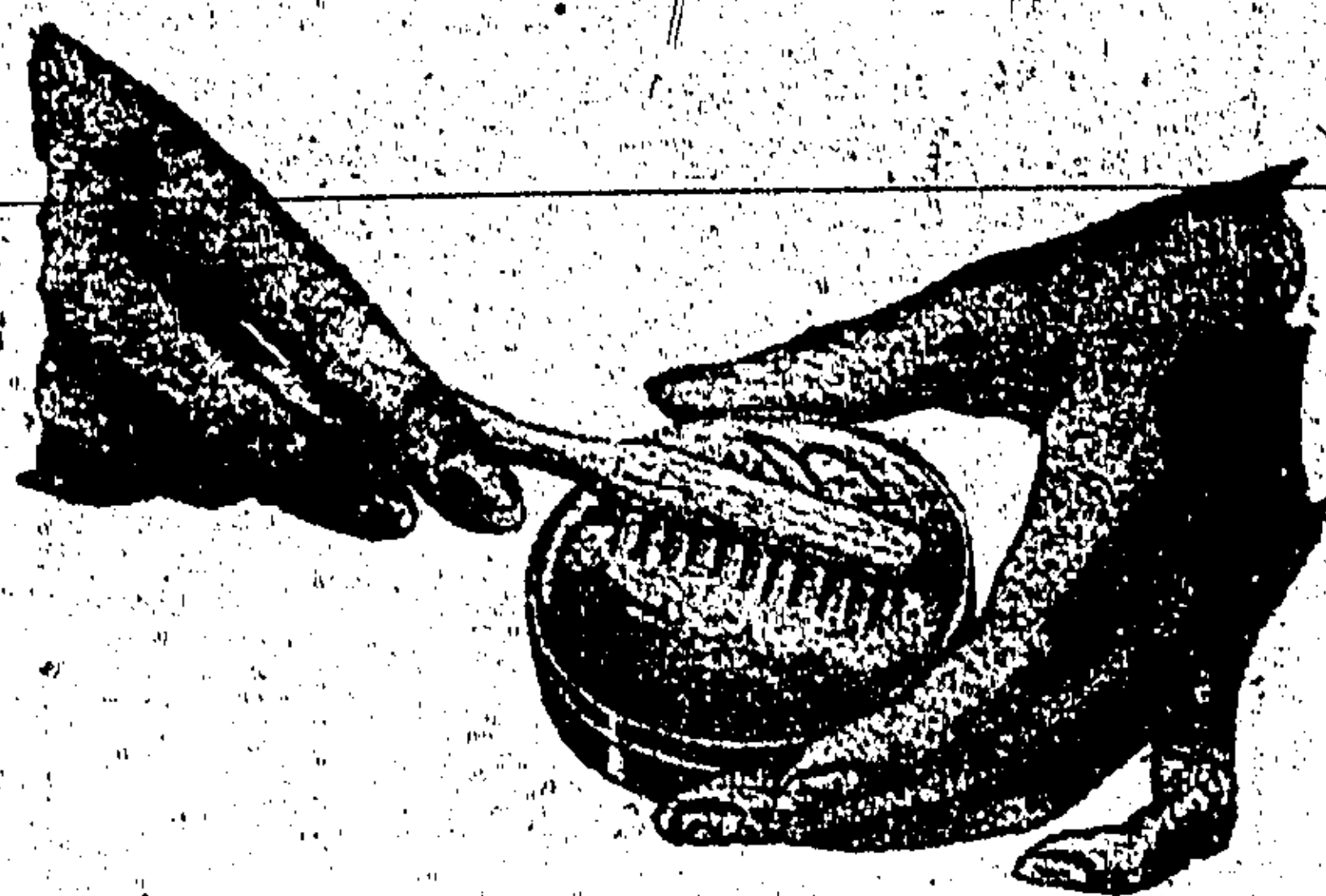
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Germs are destroyed and all impurities are washed away. Every one of your thirty-two precious teeth receives a clean bill of health.

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[A.S.P.]

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## IS PERSECUTION EVER RIGHT?

THE "BIG STICK": "DORA" AND TORQUEMADA.

"We should, in my opinion, have been justified in hanging the organisers of the General Strike for high treason; but that is not persecution. It is merely an assertion of the principle that the citizen of a State must not try to destroy it by organised conspiracy."

[By THE VERY REV. W. R. INGE, D.D., DEAN OF ST. PAUL'S.]

Let us first sum up the arguments in favour of persecution. Cromwell, says Froude, was convinced that Catholicism was morally poisonous; therefore he did not tolerate Catholicism. The Catholics were even more strongly convinced that Protestantism was morally poisonous; so they tortured and burnt Protestants. One party or the other was no doubt mistaken; but granting their convictions, were they not right to persecute? If a revolution is divine, the rejection of it is diabolical, and to stamp out diabolism is a duty. We can read subterranean milk innocuous by boiling it; similarly, the bacillus of heresy may be eradicated by roasting the carrier-cases.

### On Principle.

The only reason why we do not persecute now is because we do not believe heavily. We think there may be something to say on the other side. Where we are thoroughly convinced, we still persecute. We have made up our minds that homicide is wrong; therefore we hang the Indian Thugs, who are conscientiously convinced that it is a religious duty. We have made up our minds that certain kinds of immorality are disgusting and unnatural; therefore we send offenders to prison and ruin them socially, though in some Eastern countries the ministers of this particular vice are temple-servants. We punish the vendors of obscene literature, avowedly on Cromwell's ground that it is "morally poisonous." And we punish agitators who advocate assassination, though several medieval casuists, like Marsilius of Padua, defended tyrannicide.

All these things we do even in quiet times. But when the country is in danger, we begin to persecute in good earnest. "Dora" is a mild inquisitor compared with Torquemada, but she is tarred with the same brush. During the war we were not allowed to dissuade men from enlisting, or to put the enemy's case—and they had a case, though a weak one. "Conchies" were imprisoned, knocked about, and set to degrading tasks. We were quite right, of course; but after this, can we proclaim that we object to persecution on principle? If we cared as much about orthodoxy as we do about our country, we should go back to the methods of the seventeenth century, if not quite so far as to Bloody Mary.

### Soviet Tars.

We are told that persecution is wrong because it always fails. But even John Stuart Mill, who was entirely opposed to it, admits that "history teems with instances of successful persecution." The Sovereigns and the Inquisition stamped out Protestantism in Spain, and prevented its growth in France.

Another example of successful persecution is the Bolshevik regime in Russia. We might have supposed that a creed which declares war against the three strongest instincts of human nature—the family, religion, and property—could have no chance at all. But the Soviet Tars have mastered the technique of persecution; they have completely broken the spirit of the people, and opposition has been as effectually suppressed as Protestantism in Spain. If we had treated the Communists as they would have liked to treat us, how many hundred million pounds would the country have saved in 1928!

The fact is, our advocates of persecution will conclude, every poisonous opinion begins as an epidemic. It has its acutely infective period when it is really dangerous. This is the time to stamp it out with all possible vigour. After a few years, or a very few generations, it loses its virulence and spreads no further. There was a time when, but for vigorous persecution, France would have gone Protestant. Now the Protestants in that country number only 800,000, and do not increase perceptibly.

### Bad Religions.

Something like this is the case for persecution. Most of the arguments, I think, may be answered. To begin with, religion, as Whitehead says, is not always a good thing—it is often a very bad thing. And a religion which establishes a Spanish Inquisition is a devilish

religion, a criminal organisation of the worst type. No sensible man wishes to abolish the criminal law. Fanatics who justify murder, whether the victims are kings, landlords, or heretics, must be punished, not for their opinions, but for the actions in which they are accomplices. We should, in my opinion, have been justified in hanging the organisers of the General Strike for high treason; but that is not persecution. It is merely an assertion of the principle that the citizen of a State must not try to destroy it by organised conspiracy.

The statement that persecution is often successful needs more consideration. It is not likely that Spain would have accepted Protestantism in any case. The suppression of all free intellectual activity had the most disastrous effects on the civilisation of that country, condemning it to centuries of humiliating weakness and retrogression, from which it is only now beginning to recover. In France the growth of Protestantism was checked by banishing some of the most virile elements in the population. But the fruits of victory were reaped not by Catholicism, but by free thought, which cut itself adrift from every form of Christianity. So strong has been the revolt that the Vatican seems to have almost given up France as lost, and in the last fifteen years has been putting all its money in Germany. The revelations of this pro-German policy during and since the war should be studied in Dr. Longford's article in the current number of the "Nineteenth Century." He has proved his case up to the hilt.

### The Fatal Objection.

In Bohemia, where persecution seemed to have won a complete victory, that great statesman and patriot Masaryk no sooner raised the standard of John Huss than the people flocked to enroll themselves under it. The martyr who was burnt five hundred years ago lighted a candle in Bohemia which no persecution could put out.

As Loisy said when the Church condemned him, "You cannot kill ideas with a big stick." The noblest and bravest of the "heretics" may be destroyed; but unexpected results sometimes follow from these executions, as the Jews found when they stoned Stephen in the presence of Saul, who is also called Paul. As for the less heroic, they may be forced to unsway, but not to unsee. A conforming heretic brings no strength to the party which has forced his conscience.

But the fatal objection to persecution seems to be that you can only suppress one kind of error by crushing all intellectual liberty. For effective persecution you require a regular inquisition, which can follow up heresy into all its hiding-places, forbidding all speculations which have been found in practice to lead towards the forbidden ground. There must be no freedom of the Press, no freedom of public meeting, no societies even with apparently harmless objects; education must be put in fetters, and an army of spies must watch private conversations, asking, when they please, as provocative agents. Civilisation can certainly be paralysed by such measures, even for centuries. But only the external shell of the oppressive power will look imposing. It will be honeycombed with discontent and secret rebellion; and sooner or later the suppressed elements will regain their liberty and take their revenge.

### Why We Lost Ireland.

At present, there are two competing types of State in the world, which for convenience may be called Democracy and Fascism. The latter, whether in Russia, Italy, Spain, or Turkey, frankly believes in repression. The former, to which we belong, believes in conciliation, which in practice means the payment of unlimited blackmail to all our internal enemies. Both methods are so bad that it is difficult to say which is worse. Perhaps the worst of all is to try them both, half-heartedly and by turns. This is the way in which we lost Ireland. The fact is, we do not know our own minds on this question. "I do not know my own," but there are occasions on which, I believe, in the big stick

## NO "CUT" IN INCOME TAX.

MR. CHURCHILL ON HIS BUDGET "BOAT RACE."

### BURDEN OF RATES.

RELIEF NEEDED, BUT NOT ENOUGH MONEY.

Mr. Churchill, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, made it clear in a speech at Birmingham on February 3rd that there will be no reduction of the income tax in his forthcoming Budget.

He explained that he has not the money, and that if he had he would prefer to devote it to relieving the burden of the local rates on producers in town and country.

The Chancellor hinted at a reduction of expenditure, and said that there can be no general election until 1929.

Leading passages in his speech were these:—

"I see that some people are beginning to talk about a reduction of sixpence in the income tax in the near future."

"Without wishing to lower your spirits, I think I may go so far as to say that those who nurse these hopes are of a very sanguine temperament, and I will go further and say that they must be people who take much more pleasure in building castles in the air than in adding up figures in a ledger."

"If I had the money it is not to the reduction of the standard rate of the income tax that I should in the first instance apply it."

### Burden Of Rates.

"I said at Hamilton in July and in Scotland in September that the local rates were a harassing burden on productive industry and agriculture. They make invidiously the producer in town or country who has to use extensive premises or bulky tools to carry on his business. They fall most heavily on the basic industries which employ the largest number of workmen, and they fall with aggravating effect on the struggling business whose plant, already eaten to the full, is running perhaps at only half or a quarter capacity."

"I pointed out that whereas our system of national taxation was revised and refined every year by Parliament, the local rates were still levied on principles dating from the sixteenth century. I said then, as I say now, that I was not in a position at the moment to make any positive proposal, and that nothing that I said must be taken as a pledge or a promise. But I asked that public attention should, like the attention of the Government, be increasingly directed to this aspect of our affairs."

"I will go so far as to say that if I had the money, which I have certainly not at the present time, an advance in this direction would round off with singular completeness the financial policy of the present Parliament."

### General Election.

"Mr. Arthur Henderson has heard rumours that there is going to be a general election this year, and his comment is illuminating. He says that it would be 'one of the most glaring betrayals ever perpetrated by any Government.' This is the first time I have ever heard any leader in an Opposition protesting against a Government giving the people a chance to express their opinions. Mr. Arthur Henderson does not merely protest against an appeal to the constituencies. What he says is, 'Anything but that.' What a tribute to the strength of the Conservative Party and the Government."

"When I read this statement I said to myself: 'Anyhow, we know where Uncle Arthur feels the wind.' Let us reassure this good man that he is in no immediate danger of having to face his constituents. Obviously there can be no general election in 1928."

### The Budget.

"You will ask me: How is the Budget getting on? February and March are always a very interesting time for the Chancellor of the Exchequer. Watching the movements of revenue and expenditure is like watching a close-run boat race drawn out over two months. At the beginning of the year our revenue-cutter seemed a long way behind. There was a deficit on the year of more than £150,000,000. To-night it is about £25,000,000."

"I am, therefore, bearing up fairly well, but I am certainly not going to make any prediction as to the order in which the rival boats will pass the line at midnight on March 31st."

THE WORLD'S greatest comedian in his greatest comedy!—

# Charlie Chaplin

In  
THE  
CIRCUS



UNITED ARTISTS PICTURE

AT THE  
**QUEEN'S** SHOWING TO-DAY

Times & Prices  
At 2.30, 5.10 & 7.15 .....\$1.20, 30 cts. 60 cts. & 40 cts.  
At 9.20 .....\$2.00, 1.20, 30 cts. & 50 cts.  
Servicemen in uniform 50 cts. to back stalls and 40 cts. to front stalls at all performances.

A STIRRING DRAMA of the Canadian woods from the famous novel by Sinclair Lewis

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With

ERNEST TORRENCE—CLARA BOW—PERCY MARMONT

AT THE

# WORLD

FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY

Orchestra 5.15 & 9.20.  
Interpreter 2.30 & 7.15.

THE COMEDY of a bashful lover and the red past he invented to steel his nerve—

EDWARD EVERETT HORTON

In

# THE WHOLE TOWN'S TALKING

From the story by Anita Loos.

AT THE

# STAR

FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY

Continuous 2.30 to 11.15.

WHEN IS A MAN DRUNK?

POLICE SURGEON'S ALCOHOL BLOOD TEST.

The question as to when a man is intoxicated may be definitely cleared up if certain tests devised by Dr. Godfrey Carter, Senior Surgeon to the Sheffield City Police, are generally adopted.

Dr. Carter's tests are based on the amount of alcohol actually in the blood, and he claims that it is possible to tell exactly how much alcohol a man has taken, whether in the form of beer or spirits.

In reading a paper at the Royal Institute of Public Health, Russell-square, he showed slides of graphs in which persons had taken an amount of alcohol equivalent to nearly 5 small whiskies and sodas or three half-pints of beer in 15 minutes. It was shown that the alcohol content of the blood rose rapidly, the maximum being reached about an hour and half after the drink had been consumed.

The decline, however, was very slow and the blood was not free from alcohol until from about 12 to 13 hours afterwards. As it took longer to administer beer with the same alcoholic content as whiskey the absorption in the case of the former was slower and the maximum content at the peak rather less.

There was a delayed action in the case of the hard drinker, and some of the alcohol was never absorbed in the blood, while in the case of the abstemious or moderate drinker a much higher content was shown.

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Satisfies and leaves no craving ;—

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[A.T.B.4]

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**THE "STANSWEAR"**  
A nice Medium weight, quite soft  
the feet, excellent in wash and  
wear. Toes and heels extra applied.  
Self colours, Grey, Palm Beach,  
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STANDARD VALUE PRICE **\$1.00** pair.

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PURE SILK SOCKS  
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## CINEMA NEWS.

### CHARLIE'S TRIUMPH IN "THE CIRCUS."

ONE OF THE VERY BEST COMEDIES.

[BY OUR FILM CRITIC.]

"The Circus" is almost beyond praise. "The Gold Rush" is perhaps the more artistic production, but "The Circus" will probably have a wider appeal. "The Gold Rush" was above all intensely pathetic. "The Circus" is what its name implies. There is an under-current of the pathos of poverty, and of the loneliness that made "The Gold Rush" so great a picture, but the emotion is transient.

Above all "The Circus" is Charlie. No other man could have made it, his hand shows in every scene. There are plenty of comedians, and plenty of comedies, but there is only one Charlie Chaplin, and when you see "The Circus" you realise how incomparably his genius shines above that of the lesser stars.

It would be hard to say why Charlie is funny, but the moment that he drifts helplessly on to the screen, laughter rises out of your heart. His well known costume is not any more mirth provoking than Harold Lloyd's goggles, it is indeed a little old fashioned in its conscious humour. But no comic stunts are needed to make you laugh at Chaplin. You laugh at the way he brushes his coat sleeve, at his face, at a stumble, or just because you know that he is the greatest laughter maker that was ever pictured on the screen.

But there are stunts as well. The music made is quite the cleverest invention of its kind we have seen, though certainly a lesser man could not have made it so exquisitely laughter provoking. Charlie on a tight rope has to be seen to be appreciated, let it suffice here to say that his performance goes beyond, and is quite different from, anything you expect.

Chaplin gets us all, because he shows us how ridiculous are all those little daily actions which we make as if we did but realise it. The gestures of the toad, the gestures of vanity, of pomposity or of "correct" behaviour are mirrored for us in his actions. Chaplin has seen that nothing is so absurd as pomposity.

You need no recommendation to see "The Circus" but when you go you will find it to be not only one of the very best comedies Chaplin has made, and a picture that you will never forget, but an artistic production such as it is very seldom our privilege to see on the screen.

### PROGRAMMES FOR THIS WEEK.

Queen's.

"The Circus" is being shown all this week at the Queen's. Merna Kennedy has the honour of being leading lady for the screen's greatest comedian in her first appearance on the film. She was in musical comedy doing a dance turn with her brothers when Chaplin saw her and decided that she was the actress he wanted for "The Circus."

World.

To-day: Ernest Torrence and Clara Bow in "Mantrap." Mantrap was written by Sinclair Lewis, the famous author of "Babbalanza" and "Main Street"; it is a drama of two men and a woman thrown together in the depths of the Canadian woods. A spectacular forest fire provides the climax.

To-morrow and Wednesday: Pola Negri in "The Crown of Lies." Some years ago Pola Negri and Feodor Chikolpin, renowned operatic basso, were presented at the court of the late Tsar Nicholas of Russia. That was their first meeting. Recently, during the making of "The Crown of Lies," Chikolpin was again presented—this time at the court of Pola Negri, who plays the role of a queen in that picture. He was a guest at Paramount's Hollywood studio and sang a simple Russian folk melody of glad reunion.

Thursday to Saturday: "Drusilla with a Million." Drusilla, the little old lady who has for years been a servant and patient at a home, inherits a million. She tries to befriend all the orphan babies and children in the world; and right there the fun and trouble begins. The greatest number of babies ever shown on the screen are seen in this film and very charming some of them are.

Star.

To-day: "The Whole Town's Talking." An Anita Loos comedy of a beautiful lover who invents a wild past to steel his admirer. To-morrow and Wednesday: Mae Murray and Conway Tearle in "Aberg of Desire," a comedy flavoured with romance. Thursday to Saturday: Dolores Costello in "The Little Irish Girl," a crook comedy with an unusual ending.

## ARE THERE ANY LETTERS FOR YOU?

UNCLAIMED CORRESPONDENCE, ETC., AT THE G.P.O.

THE OFFICIAL LIST FOR SATURDAY.

A General Post Office notification, issued on Saturday, gives the following particulars with regard to unclaimed correspondence, etc., waiting at the Post Office, and also unclaimed radio telegrams at the Radio Telegraph Office, Government Building:—

### Postal Remittance Correspondence.

G. Adair, J. B. Affleck, Madam Balisani, T. Brown (Denise Murray & Co.), Dr. C. A. P. Bell, Rev. and Mrs. C. R. Callender, C. A. Calkins, H. Collier, Commercial Pacific Cable Company, A. Dubois, C. H. Edwards (c/o Crossley, Ltd.), D. Fraser, W. E. Ford, I. Goldenberg, L. Giuseppe, J. Haywood, E. Henke, W. Killeck, Rev. G. H. de Kay, B. Krivos, M. C. Lui, R. A. Lanning, R. W. G. W. Lewis, Link Wun Sun, S. J. de Landero, R. Moon, Geo. S. Mui, L. Mayol, J. A. Ogden, W. Owen, Mons. Ostroff, R. Palmer, Miss E. M. Pye, Mr. Petroff, Miss A. Platt, H. Pampanga, M. A. Solner, Vim Summers, Kate South, K. Vogel, M. E. Vittali (Associated Drug Co.), Wong Sing Woon, J. W. Wilson (H.F. Ritchie & Co.), H. W. Welman, Wun Sun, Messrs. F. D. & H. A. Weller, N. S. Wong.

### Unpaid Correspondence.

H. Charence (c/o American Consulate), W. Hughes (c/o H.K. Hotel), Dr. Dorcas Kwok, Dr. C. M. Lee (Episcopal Hospital), B. F. Muller, Miss V. Smith (c/o American Consulate), N. S. Wong.

### Registered Articles.

Mons. Cossimille, Madame Deutz, Mrs. E. S. Gibbins (c/o H.K. Hotel), Gobaid Ram Katyal & Co., Hong Kong Publishing Co., A. W. Hognn (c/o Hong Kong Hotel), Kou Yao Kai, B. Krivos, M. L. Lakeman (c/o H.K. Hotel), Mrs. L. Lat Lander (c/o Repulse Bay Hotel), L. Maclean (c/o H.K. Hotel), W. W. Murdock (c/o H.K. Hotel), C. L. Mullane (c/o American Consulate), Nguyen Dan Nhung, K. C. Perera, M. H. Pearson, Miss Rosi Sanchez, Capt. B. Schrieber, G. Schweizer (c/o H.K. Hotel), Ch. Trimer, Paul Wolwert (s.s. Anvers), Yordynsky (c/o Oitery).

### Parcels.

Cheah Wing Cuen.

### UNCLAIMED RADIO TELEGRAMS.

Address	From
Seribes	Cholon
Shangong	Cholon
Leesingkan	Toronto Ont.
2993 4141	Swatow
Mangostan	Socorabaja
Konyung	Tunnamu
Rose Wong	Detroit Mich.
Sakex	Olo
Importers Agency	Berlin
Wootong Tungwah	Canton
Teesant	Cheribon
Leysenmar	Mishima Jaru.
1129 2839	Swatow
Laupaktoan	Hirundo
Fongyukye	
Cheonginghong	Katori Maru
Sander Multrans	Kelangan
7311 5281	Swatow
Yung	General Metzinger
Nailong Chowhopkee	Jesselon
Shingjust	Manila

## FILM TALENT HUNT.

SEARCHING THE STORES AND CITY OFFICES.

An organised search of big London stores and business houses for potential players for the large number of British films planned or in the making began one day last month, when a representative of the Stoll Studios, Crickwood, visited an establishment in Oxford street, and spoke to the girl assistants on each floor, in the hope of finding suitable candidates for screen tests.

Mr. Sinclair Hill, managing director of the Studios, said to a reporter:—

"We intend sending representatives with photographers to the East End, to City offices, and to dance halls, not only for girls, but also for young men, and we hope to visit Lloyd's and the Stock Exchange."

"Something more than good looks is wanted. We want girls with expression, and no self-consciousness, new types with photographic personality. The call is for youth and vivacity. We want boys of 17 and 18 and university men. We shall try the Oxford University Dramatic Society."

## CHINESE HEALTH WEEK.

AT Y.M.C.A. AND Y.W.C.A.

INAUGURATED ON SATURDAY.

[FROM OUR CHINESE CORRESPONDENT.]

The Board of Directors and secretarial staff of the Chinese Y.M.C.A. in Hong Kong were hosts at a Chinese dinner at the Association's premises in Bridges Street on Saturday, when Mr. J. L. McPherson, advisory general secretary, and Mr. H. A. Wilbur, associate general secretary of the National Committee of the Chinese Y.M.C.A., with head office at Shanghai, were guests of honour. Mr. McPherson is leaving Hong Kong for America on a year's furlough, and during his absence the National Committee has designated Mr. Wilbur to act in his place in Hong Kong.

### Tribute To "Muk Far Son Shin Shang."

Mr. McPherson, whose service with the European and the Chinese Y.M.C.A. in Hong Kong has extended over some 25 years has had the pleasure of seeing two Chinese and one European Y.M.C.A. buildings completed in this Colony under his supervision, and when he returns after a year in the United States, Canada and England, he hopes to see another Y.M.C.A. building erected at Yau-mat, where there is now a site in readiness. Mr. McPherson first arrived at Hong Kong as a secretary for the European Y.M.C.A., but his time and energy have been devoted mostly to the Chinese, among whom his name, "Muk Far Son Shin Shang," is a household word especially in student and Christian circles. For many years Mr. McPherson has had Chinese colleagues as officials of the local Chinese Y.M.C.A., he remaining in the capacity of advisory general secretary.

Mr. Wilbur, associate general secretary of the National Committee of the Y.M.C.A. in China, is an experienced leader in this field of Christian service, and he has travelled in all parts of China observing Y.M.C.A. work on behalf of the head office. He was for a time assigned to the Tokyo Y.M.C.A. in order to rebuild and reorganize the work after the earthquake. The assignment of so veteran a secretary as Mr. Wilbur by the National Committee to Hong Kong is regarded here as a tribute to the Hong Kong Y.M.C.A. and the important position Mr. Macpherson holds here.

The importance of public and individual health was specially emphasized during the meeting in the auditorium of the Chinese Y.M.C.A., Bridges Street last Saturday, when Health Week among the Chinese Y.M.C.A. and Y.W.C.A. and the Chinese Medical Association was inaugurated. Mr. S. W. Tao, a member of the Hong Kong Sanitary Board, and Dr. J. Anderson, professor of Medicine in the Hong Kong University, were the speakers. Moving pictures on health subjects were also screened. Dr. Chau Wei Cheung, past president of the Y.M.C.A. and of the China Medical Association of Hong Kong, presided over the gathering.

In addition to lectures and demonstrations on health daily throughout the week, free vaccination and medical examination will be given at both the Y.M.C.A. and Y.W.C.A. buildings. Several women physicians will be at the Y.W.C.A. for women wishing to consult them on their own or their children's behalf. The health week activities will last from March 3rd to 10th.

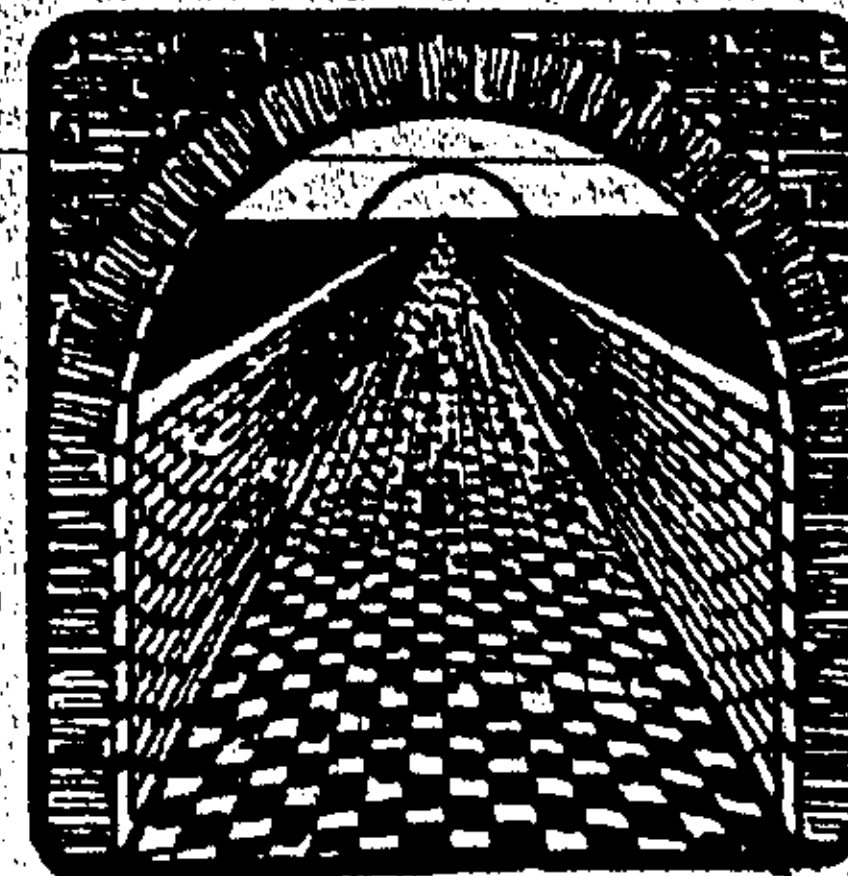
In the corridors of the Chinese Y.M.C.A. are now being exhibited charts showing dangers to health and how to avoid them. They are illustrated and even children can understand the lessons of these pictures.

The lecturers for the week include Dr. Chau Kwok Wing (Dentist); Dr. Chiang East Yim; Dr. Arthur Woo; Dr. P. S. Lee; Dr. Pok Wing Kun; and Dr. Ho Chi Wing.

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## HONG KONG - CANTON "ENTENTE CORDIALE."

## MARSHAL LI'S STRUGGLE WITH BOLSHEVISM.

FRIENDSHIP AND CO-OPERATION NEEDED WITH HONG KONG.

OUTSPOKEN INTERVIEW WITH THE "DAILY PRESS."

FOREIGN MINISTER AND ADMIRAL IN OPTIMISTIC MOOD.

Marshal Li Tsai Hsin's visit to Hong Kong was no half-hearted success. The modest but entirely confident bearing, and the unflinching courtesy of the soldier-administrator, who has done more than any one man to free Canton from Communist tyranny, deeply impressed all sections of the community.

Marshal Li both in his public utterances and during an interview very kindly accorded to our representative stressed two things; that he was the unrelenting and consistent foe of Bolshevism and that in his work of restoring prosperity to the City of Canton and the Province of Kwangtung he needed the friendship and co-operation of Hong Kong and of the British Government.

The Marshal made it quite plain that he would do everything in his power to send the students back to their books, the peasants to their fields and at the same time deal firmly with labour union strikes.

Marshal Li and Mr. Chu Chao Hsin were most optimistic as regards the future of Kwangtung. Only peace was needed to see trade revive and a new era of prosperity. Friendship with Hong Kong was desired and the inter-dependence of the two places admitted.

## TRIBUTE TO HONG KONG'S FRIENDLINESS.

The Marshal paid many graceful tributes to H.E. Sir Cecil Clementi for his welcome to himself and Madame Li and also to the work of the Hon. Sir Shou Son Chow and the Hon. Dr. R. H. Kotewall, C.M.G., during their recent visit to Canton. Marshal Li expressed his appreciation of the European Press of Hong Kong and the consistent friendliness expressed towards Canton.

Saturday's official functions, following a conference at Government House during the morning, were a tea party to the distinguished guests given at the Chinese Merchants' Club by Sir Shou Son Chow and Dr. Kotewall, and a dinner given by the Chinese Chamber of Commerce.

The *Flying* left yesterday morning, cordial messages subsequent to her departure being exchanged between Marshal Li and H.E. The Governor.

Sir Cecil Clementi and Lady Clementi will pay a return visit to Canton, arriving there next Friday morning, when it is hoped that the entente between the two ports will be still further consolidated.

## MARSHAL LI'S ASSURANCES.

"COMMUNISM WILL NOT BE TOLERATED."

TRIBUTE TO THE EUROPEAN PRESS.

A PERSONAL INTERVIEW.

Marshal Li Tsai Hsin is the very soul of courtesy to everyone and everything he says is without any reference to himself. He referred to himself as the "younger brother" in all his speeches and again when talking to a *Daily Press* representative on Saturday night at the South China Restaurant.

Immediately after the dinner given in honour of Marshal Li by the Chinese General Chamber of Commerce on Saturday night, our representative approached Marshal Li who said that he would be only too glad to talk to a pressman.

Opening his conversation, the Marshal said that he had always regarded the Hong Kong European Press with great admiration and he considered that the British newspapers in the Colony had always done everything they could to bring Hong Kong and Canton together. "I have never known any instance of the European Press of Hong Kong referring to Kwangtung in a hostile manner, or as if it were in any way a hostile country. Your leading articles have always been most inspiring and in many ways a lesson to us," said the Marshal.

Communism To Be Crushed.

Referring to Canton, Marshal Li said that he had always been opposed to communism and that it was his unswerving policy to nip the movement in the bud whenever and wherever it sprang up. The young students who harangued at street corners when they should have been at their books and had constantly delivered damaging and misguided speeches had never met with any sympathy from him. The Marshal said that he was entirely opposed to the students taking part

in politics. They were at school to learn and not to participate in public affairs. "The fact that they are students is proof enough that they have not arrived at a mature enough age and state of knowledge to be anything but a nuisance in politics." "The general public," added the Marshal, "has no conception of the amount of damage done by the unruly students. Hong Kong as well as Canton has suffered a good deal from their unruly tongues."

Deeply Impressed By Kindness Shown.

"Coming to Hong Kong has taught me a lot. It has shown me clearly that the Chinese are greatly esteemed by Europeans. You have a good Governor here—a man who knows his job and I am deeply impressed with what I have seen in the Colony here during the last two days," said Marshal Li.

"Canton and Hong Kong should always be friends. These two ports are very closely linked together and for very many reasons, Canton and Hong Kong should at all times have a good understanding with each other." "Canton has to depend on Hong Kong in various ways and the same applies to Hong Kong. Our exports and imports have to pass through Hong Kong, and the banking and exchange facilities which our merchants get in the Colony could not be found in Canton. In this respect, Hong Kong has always come forward to help the merchants of Canton."

"Commerce," said the Marshal, "is the backbone of every country," and he went on to say that he would spare no effort to bring about an era of commercial prosperity in Kwangtung, and he felt sure that the British colony would help him in his task. His visit to Hong Kong would certainly accomplish a great deal of good.

The kindness shown to Madame Li at Government House was without precedent and the Marshal regarded that as an honour not only to himself and to Madame Li but to the Chinese in general.

"I know this visit of mine will produce good fruits and when I get back to Canton, I shall impress upon my people the courtesy and help that Hong Kong is always ready to extend to the Chinese," said the Marshal. He concluded by saying that he would always be pleased to see any pressman from Hong Kong and when they came to Canton, and he would always be ready to give them every facility.

## "THE TEETH AND LIPS."

A BRIGHT FUTURE FOR KWANGTUNG.

CANTON FOREIGN MINISTER'S OPINION.

Mr. Chu Chao Hsin, the Minister for Foreign Affairs at Canton, gave a very interesting and outspoken interview to a *Daily Press* representative on Saturday. He quoted a well-known Chinese proverb—"the teeth and the lips"—and compared Hong Kong and Canton to the teeth and the lips of an individual—one affording protection to the other.

## The Kuomintang's Policy.

When asked as to the policy of the Southern Government, Mr. Chu said that the Kuomintang aimed at bringing about friendly relations between Canton and Hong Kong and also to secure a position of equality in the family of nations for China. Mr. Chu added that while working with that aim in view, Canton would at the same time maintain friendly relations with Foreign Powers. Canton could considerably contribute to warlike peace by carefully and steadily pursuing that policy.

## Marshal Li's Policy.

Marshal Li's policy, said Mr. Chu, is to work for the reconstruction of Kwangtung and the restoring of prosperity to the people of South China. The Marshal has worked steadily for these objectives. Sir Miles Lampson when in Canton promised that the British people would give every assistance in their power and Mr. Chu went on to say that he highly appreciated this assurance and he was certain that co-operation between Hong Kong and Canton would mean the greatest possible benefit to both ports. Kwangtung, he claimed, had greater resources than any other province in China and the reason that it had not achieved prosperity was that for years it suffered from warfare and civil disturbances. Owing to these conditions the merchants had refused to invest their money in industrial and other enterprises.

## Peace and Stability.

"Once peace and stability is secured," said Mr. Chu, "trade will improve and prosperity will be within their reach." Mr. Chu took a very optimistic view of the whole situation. "Since Marshal Li's return to Canton, he had been working hard to wipe out banditry and had already done much to secure peace and stability. The people of Canton were confident that Marshal Li would be able to carry out his plans and confidence in the province was being gradually restored. Once order was completely restored, Marshal Li would commence his work of reconstruction. "Hong Kong will help in this work," said Mr. Chu, "and many Chinese merchants will, I am sure, be ready to invest money in Kwangtung enterprise."

## Canton and Nanking.

When asked as to whether or not there were differences between Canton and Nanking, Mr. Chu said that there were no differences between Nanking and Canton. Mr. Chu also said that if the expedition against Peking succeeds, there should be no difficulty in revising the treaties to the satisfaction of the Chinese people.

## Why He Refused Shanghai's Offer.

In reply to a question by our representative, Mr. Chu said that the reason why he refused the office of Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs at Nanking and Commissioner of Foreign Affairs of Shanghai, was that his native place was Canton and that it was his duty to stand by his people. He said that it made no difference where he served, under the Nationalist Government. He could do just as much for his countrymen whether he were in Nanking, Shanghai or Canton.

He was confident that the Nationalist Government would soon be moved to Peking and once that was done, he would join the service there. His desire to serve his people had been his incentive in returning to China from Europe.

## INTERVIEW WITH ADMIRAL CHAN CHAK.

PEACE AND TRADE WANTED.

At the tea party given by Sir Shou Son Chow and the Hon. Dr. R. H. Kotewall, C.M.G., at the Chinese Merchants' Club on Saturday afternoon, a *Daily Press* representative was able to obtain a personal interview with Admiral Chan Chak.

(Continued on next Column).

## FETTERED BY CHINESE COMMUNITY.

MARSHAL LI TSAI HSIN EXPLAINS HIS POLICY.

CO-OPERATION WITH HONG KONG.

THE WAR WITH COMMUNISM.

Marshal Li and his distinguished party had a busy day on Saturday. In the morning, following a conference at Government House, Marshal Li called on the Chinese Chamber of Commerce, being received by Mr. Li Yau Chuen, Chairman, and other officers of the Chamber.

The Hon. Dr. R. H. Kotewall, C.M.G., and Sir Shou Son Chow were hosts at a luncheon party given in honour of Marshal Li and party at Hatton House.

The affair was a private one and was attended by about fifty prominent members of the Chinese community.

In the evening Mesdames Li and Li Man Yin were the guests of Lady Chow and Mrs. Kotewall at Hatton House. The ladies were rejoined by Marshal Li after the dinner at the South China Restaurant.

## GUESTS OF CHINESE MERCHANTS' CLUB.

A tea party was given in honour of the Marshal and his party by Sir Shou Son Chow and the Hon. Dr. R. H. Kotewall at the Chinese Merchants' Club at 4 p.m. There was a very large and representative gathering among those present being Marshal Li Tsai Hsin, Mr. Chu Chao Hsin (Commissioner for Foreign Affairs), General Chui King Tong (commanding the 13th Division of the Nationalist Army and Director of the Military Department of Kwangtung Province), Admiral Chan Chak (Chief of the Kwangtung Navy), Mr. Li Man Yan (Director of the Revenue Council), General Cheung Wai Ching (Director of the Aviation Bureau), Mr. Lai Man Yum (Private Secretary) and General Chan Hing Wan (Principal A.D.C.).

Among the Hong Kong residents were Sir Robert Ho Tung, Dr. S. W. Teo, Mr. Wong Kwong Tin, Mr. Ho Kom-Tong, Mr. B. Wong Tape, Mr. T. N. Chau, Mr. Li Yan Chuen, Mr. Chan Pak Chun, Mr. Chan U Tin, Mr. Ho Leung Hoe, Mr. Li Sing Kai, Mr. Lee Yui Wan, Mr. Li Jowson, Mr. M. K. Lo, Mr. Simon Tse Yan, Mr. Choy Hing, Mr. Li Tse Fong, Mr. Ng Wah, Mr. Wong Tak Kwong, Mr. Kwok Siu Lau, Mr. Lee Hysan, Mr. Kwok Chuen, Mr. Ho Leung, Mr. W. N. Thomas, Dr. Ma Luk, Professor Wang, Mr. Kong E Suen, Mr. Ip Lan Chuen and Mr. Ho Yu.

Long before the distinguished visitors arrived, thousands of Chinese assembled outside the Building. From Wyndham Street to D'Almeida Street every point of vantage was taken and traffic was for some time held up by the crowd.

Marshal Li arrived at 4 p.m. sharp and was conducted to the Chinese Merchants' Club.

(Continued on Page 10.)

Asked as to his opinion of Canton and Hong Kong, the Admiral said that as far as he could see there would be no more trouble between these two neighbouring ports. "We Chinese," he said, "are not out to make trouble. We want peace and trade. Our Chairman (meaning Marshal Li) is working for better trade. He is answering the call of the Canton merchants, and his duty is primarily to see that the merchants are given the facilities they need in order to carry on business."

The Admiral said that from what he could see in Canton there was no hostility towards the foreigners. "We do not want trouble," he repeated, "and whatever trouble we had in China was brought about by the rowdy elements. Our Chairman Li is a very capable man and the world will see in a few months the good he will do for Kwangtung."

"We have been very cordially received by the Governor of Hong Kong, and when he visits us, we shall not spare any effort to reciprocate his kindness. We are now working for peace and stability and once we achieve our aim, the merchants of Hong Kong and Canton will realize that Marshal Li is a man with the courage and tenacity to deal with this colossal task. You can rest assured that henceforth Canton and Hong Kong will remain the best of friends," concluded the Admiral.

## CANTON ARMY REFORMS.

FORCES TO BE REDUCED?

ILLEGAL EXACTIONS STILL LEVIED.

THE POSTAL SERVICE.

(FROM OUR CHINESE CORRESPONDENT.)

Marshal Li Tsai Hsin will include in his coming statement of reconstruction policy for the Province a proposal for the reduction of the Army, whose exact number of strength no one knows with any exactitude.

The 5th Army Corps in Canton, formerly commanded by General Li Fook Lam, is to be entirely re-organized and re-distributed. It will be split up into small units and posted in the districts. Its loosely organized personnel will be formed into companies and battalions and given a course of training. The more ambitious officers hope that by that means their men may soon be able to take their place as first line troops.

General Tang Yin Hua now commands the 8th Corps. The execution of "Reds" in Canton still goes on and among those shot last Wednesday was Wong Dong, a leader of the anti-British boycott in 1925.

During the Red upheaval of December some 1,400 persons awaiting trial in Canton Jail were released by the "Reds." The Canton authorities have now recovered the records of these men, and warrants are out for their re-arrest wherever found within Kwangtung jurisdiction.

The Kwangtung Arsenal at Shek-cheng, near Canton City, resumed operations on March 1st. This is one of the largest arsenals in China and has plant for a big output of rifles and machine-guns.

Canton trade is still being interfered with by numerous forms of illegal and unreasonable imposts not formally sanctioned by the authorities and exacted by means of threats.

Until a week or two ago, Chinese owned steamers plying between Canton and Hong Kong had to charge ten to twenty per cent. above their regular freightage in order to pay a commission to the Seamen's Union and the Customs Officials. The seamen and the officials have a big hold over the shipping and the discharge of cargo, and with the support of labour unions and the recent "Red" administrations in Canton behind them they have been able to force many ship owners to comply with their illegal demands. Now the Canton Administration is able to afford some protection to legitimate trade, and resistance to the demands of the labour unions will be backed by the Government.

More than a hundred rice junks carrying cargo between Hong Kong and Canton are laid up in Canton, because the owners will not be allowed a clearance until they have paid a "protective fee," ranging from \$20 to \$70 a trip according to the tonnage of the vessel. The owners object to paying additional protective fees, arguing that they are entitled to some sort of protection on Canton waters without further insisting on these dues but the other day, some 15 of these junks succeeded in escaping the vigilance of the authorities and made their way to Hong Kong without paying.

The Canton Seamen's Union is now trying to exact 20 cents on every 100 bundles of firewood shipped into the city from the Northern District. Unless the authorities are able to stop this, it is feared that the firewood merchants will withhold shipments altogether in order to arouse public indignation and call the attention of the Administration to the continued presence of "Red" influence in the Province.

The 300 or more private couriers carrying letters and packages between Canton and other ports are to have their activities restricted by the Canton Postal Commissioner. Their appearance in Canton and outports during the last few years has been due to the incompetence of the regular postal service under "Red" influence and labour tyranny. During the "Red" administration in Canton, the number of postmen was increased from 1,955 to 7,132 and the "rovers" from 381 to 438 but the number of daily deliveries in the City was reduced from six to two. Despite these changes a letter was often liable to a five or six days delay in local delivery. These conditions, however, have been improved and it is hoped that the former efficiency of the Canton Post Office may be restored. Postmen and other postal employees do not now attend to meetings and demonstrations.

Some of the private couriers, by a system of "through" delivery and co-operation, maintained quite a good service which was often better than that of the Government. One private courier firm, for instance, has a service among 40 ports and cities in this part of China, and its agents often travel into the interior with money and letters, which the regular post system does not take.

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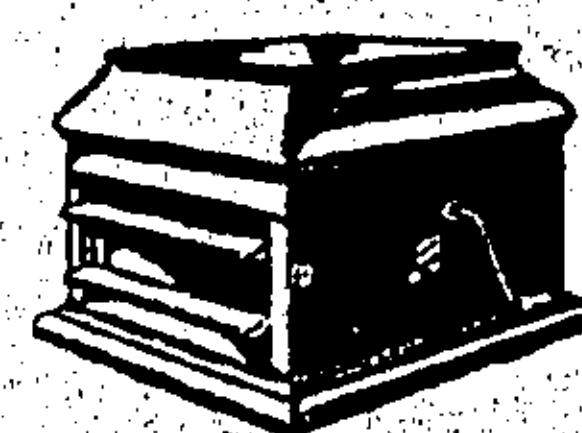
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**JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.**  
General Managers,  
The Hong Kong Fire Insurance Co., Ltd.  
Hong Kong, 5th Mar., 1928. [5963]

**SOCIETY OF ST. GEORGE, HONG KONG.**

**THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF THE SOCIETY** will be held in the Office of the Hong Kong Jockey Club, on the Ground Floor of the Hong Kong Club Annex, on **FRIDAY, 9th MARCH, 1928, at 5.30 p.m.**  
For the following purpose:—  
(a) To receive the Report of the Committee and Statement of Accounts for the past year.  
(b) To elect the Officers and Committee for the ensuing year.  
(c) To consider the manner in which St. George's Day shall be celebrated.  
(d) To transact any other Business of which due Notice has been given.  
All Members are requested to attend.  
**S. T. BULLIN,**  
Hon. Secretary. [5968]

**THE DAIRY FARM, ICE & COLD STORAGE CO., LTD.**

**NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.**

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** that the **FIFTY-SECOND ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING OF THE SHAREHOLDERS** of the above Company will be held at the Company's Town Office, 2, Lower Albert Road, on **SATURDAY, 10th MARCH, 1928, at Noon**, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors together with Statement of Accounts for the Year ending December, 1927; declaring a Dividend and re-electing Directors and Auditors.  
The **TRANSFER BOOKS** of the Company will be closed from the 1st to 10th MARCH, 1928, Both Days inclusive.  
By Order of the Board of Directors,  
**M. MANUK,**  
Secretary.  
Hong Kong, 23rd Feb., 1928. [5915]

**THE HONG KONG ELECTRIC CO., LTD.**

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** that the **FIFTY-NINTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING** will be held at the Company's Office, P. O. Box 100, on **FRIDAY, 16th MARCH, 1928, at 12 Noon**, for the purpose of presenting the Report of the Directors together with a Statement of Accounts to the Shareholders, 1927, and electing Directors and Auditors.  
The **TRANSFER BOOKS** of the Company will be closed from the 3rd MARCH, 1928, to 10th MARCH, 1928, Both Days inclusive, during which period No Transfer of Shares can be registered.  
By Order of the Board of Directors,  
**GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD.,**  
Agents.  
Hong Kong, 24th Feb., 1928. [5924]

**GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LIMITED.**

**THE 30th ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS** in the above Company will be held at the Office of the Company, St. George's Building, CHATTEE ROAD, Victoria, Hong Kong, on **WEDNESDAY, the 21st Day of MARCH, 1928, at Noon**, for the purpose of receiving a Statement of Accounts and the Report of the Directors for the Year ended 31st December, 1927.  
The **TRANSFER BOOKS** of the Company will be closed from **TUESDAY, the 13th MARCH, 1928, until WEDNESDAY, the 21st MARCH, 1928, Both Days inclusive.**  
**SEEWAN, TOMES & CO.,**  
General Managers.  
Hong Kong, 1st March, 1928. [5943]

## MACAO RACES.

**SIXTH EXTRA RACE MEETING: SUNDAY, 11th MARCH, 1928.**

**FIRST RACE: 1 P.M. SHARP.**

**PUBLIC ENCLOSURE: 40 Cents.**  
**MEMBER'S ENCLOSURE: \$2.00.**

**RACE-STEAMERS:**

**S.S. "SUI AN"**—Leave Hong Kong 9 A.M. Returning from Macao 8.30 P.M.

**S.S. "TAI SHAN"**—Leave Hong Kong 9 A.M. Returning from Macao 5.30 P.M.

By Order,  
**S. W. CHENG,**  
Secretary. [5962]

## INTIMATIONS.

**"Y.M.C.A. LADY HELPERS."**  
LADY HELPERS are reminded of Meeting at HELINA MAY INSTITUTE on **TUESDAY, 6th MARCH 5th at 10.30 A.M.** [5961]

## NOTICE.

**TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.**  
**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** that **ANDREW HARPER & SON** have ceased to be the Authorized Dealers of this Company for Hong Kong and South China as from the 30th Day of JANUARY, 1928.  
**FORD MOTOR COMPANY.**

## NOTICE.

**TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.**  
**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** that **WALLACE HARPER & CO., LTD.** have been appointed Our Authorized Dealers for Hong Kong and South China as from the 1st Day of FEBRUARY, 1928.  
**FORD MOTOR COMPANY.** [5921]

**HONG KONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.**

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** that the Certificate No. 57NS 4923 dated Hong Kong, 2nd October, 1917, for One Share of this Bank Numbered 54089 in the Name of **MA LO KWONG CHUN** has been LOST or STOLEN, and should this Certificate not be produced to the Bank before the 15th MARCH, 1928, a New Certificate for the Share will be issued, and the aforesaid Certificate No. 57NS 4923 will be thereupon treated by this Corporation as NULL and VOID.  
By Order of the Court of Directors,  
**A. G. HYNES,**  
Chief Manager.  
Hong Kong, 11th Feb., 1928. [5880]

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

The Underigned have received Instructions  
To Sell By  
**PUBLIC AUCTION,**  
ON  
**TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY,**  
**THE 6th, 7th AND 8th MARCH, 1928,**  
AT  
**H.M. NAVAL YARD, HONG KONG,**  
AND AT  
**KOWLOON NAVAL DEPOT,**  
COMMENCING EACH DAY AT 9.30 A.M.  
WITH AN INTERVAL  
FROM 12 NOON TO 1.30 P.M.  
**OLD AND SURPLUS NAVAL STORES,**  
S.C., S.C., S.C.  
Comprising:—  
Steel Girders, Iron Reels, Davits, Boat Hooks, Vacuum Cleaners, Harmonium, Air Purifying Plant, Sewing Machine, Outter, Steamboats, Oars, Gigs, Punching and Shearing Machine, Old Lead Battery Plates, Pumps, Bosts, Sails, Electrical and Wireless Telegraph Fittings, Glycine, Old Electric Cables, Cooking Stoves, Baxxy, Oven, Iron Mattresses, Water Closets and Pans, Hydraulic Jacks, Table Covers, Carpets, Rugs, Mats, Tables, Chairs, Desks, Old Steel Files, Matting, Fold-up Lavatories, Camp Beds, Curtains, Overcases, Glazed and Unglazed Tiles, Leather and Metallic Hoops, Metallic Voice Piping, Old Canvas Tubing, Old Cordage, Old Coir Mats, Canvas Bags, Old India Rubber, Old Leather and Lining Tanned Rags, Old Woollen Rags, Old Havers, Old Cork, Cocos, Nut Matting, Asbestos Packing, Old Fenders, Old Iron Drums, Petrol Cans, New Canvas Outtings, Old Felt, Old Iron and Steel, Old Scrap Brass, Copper, Lead, Zinc, Metals of Sorts, Brass and Gun Metal Boring, Zinc Bottoms and Zinc Lashes, Copper and Brass Tubes, Wood and Iron Blocks, Lamps, Lanterns, Gauges, Old Steel Plates, Old Steel Shovels, Old Glass, Old Steel Wire Rope and Cuttings, Dirty Mineral Oil and Old Fuel, Chain Cable and Gear, Fire Engine, Forges, Compresses, Watches, Navyphones, Binoculars, Clocks, Air Pump, Air Pipes and Brass Pipes, Old Hunting, Firewood, Baths, Sponges, Vices, Hammer, Old Steel Tools, Circulating Pump Motors of Sorts, Associated Engines, Motor Driven Oil Pump, Refrigerators, Electric Oil, Aircraft Floats, Gas and Water Tubing and Miscellaneous Ironmongery, Drills and Tools of Sorts, Fans and Starters, Milling Machine, Shaping Machine, Lathe with Stand, Lathe Ends, Arc Lamps, Money Trays, Meas. Tables, and Stools, Gymnastic Gear, etc., etc.

Lots May Be Inspected on  
**MONDAY, 5th MARCH, 1928,**  
Also **SALV** or  
**OLD AND SURPLUS**  
**VICTUALLING STORES**  
AT **KOWLOON**  
On **FRIDAY, 9th MARCH**  
Comprising:—Table Knives, Implements, Remnants, Berge, Plannel, &c., Sundry Articles of Mess and Table Gear, Clothing, and Condensed Provisions for Packing, etc.  
Terms of Sale—As detailed in Catalogue.

**LAMMEET BROTHERS,**  
By Appointment Auctioneers  
to the Admiralty.  
Hong Kong, 31st Feb., 1928. [5901]

## INTIMATIONS.

**DENISON, RAM & GIBBS.**  
**MR. L. GIBBS** will Retire from this Firm on **5th MARCH, 1928,** and will have No Responsibility for any work done by the Firm After That Date.  
The Business will be carried on under the Name of **DENISON, RAM & GIBBS** by **MR. E. F. R. SAMPLER** [5957]

**THE HONG KONG & KOWLOON WHARF & GODOWN CO., LTD.**

**NOTICE.**  
If the Marine Boiler left on KOW. LOON MARINE LOT No. 49 by **WEE TO MING** is not claimed and Removed within **FOURTEEN (14) days,** same will be sold to defray expenses.  
**F. E. CRAPPELL,**  
Secretary.  
Hong Kong, 24th Feb., 1928. [5917]

**"THE SAN-FAN" CIRCUS.**

**"SAN-FAN" CIRCUS,** having returned from AMERICA, are Giving SHOWS at the PRATA EAST RECLAMATION AREA.  
Expert European Bandmen and Dancing Girls have been employed.

**PRICES.**  
1st Class ... .. \$1.00  
2nd ... .. \$0.60  
GALLERY SEATS ... .. \$0.30

**TIME TABLE.**

**NIGHTLY SHOWS**  
**8.00 P.M. to 11.00 P.M.**

**MATINEES**  
**2.00 P.M. to 5.00 P.M.**

Every Saturday and Sunday, and other General Holidays. [5799]

**FOR SALE.**

**THREE SECOND HAND STEEL ROPES** Length about 5,000 Feet—Apply to **PEAK TRAMWAYS COMPANY, LTD.,** ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS. [5938]

**TO LET.**

**A FLAT** in HONGKONG BUILDINGS, Kowloon—Apply to **HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE CO., LTD.,** ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS. [5817]

**TO LET.**

**NO. 3, BOWEN ROAD—TO BE LET** Furnished from Exp or Semi, for Six Months—Apply **MR. C. MONTAGUE EDE.** [5964]

**TO LET** in TUNGSHAN from 1st APRIL to 1st OCTOBER, Well Furnished HOUSE with 2 Drawing Rooms, Dining Room, 3 Bed Rooms, Servant's Quarters, Tennis Court, Garage and Car if required.—**F. FELD, CANTON.** [5855]

**TO LET—For 3 Months from 3rd MARCH, on the PEAK** within Easy Reach of Tram Terminus. Six-roomed HOUSE with Verandah, Cool and Breezy, Excellent View, Well furnished and Modern Sanitation. Use of Car may be arranged. Apply Box 5739, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [5739]

**HUMPHREYS BUILDINGS,** Kowloon. Five Roomed Corner FLAT TO BE LET. Furnished with Every Convenience.—Apply: **X.F. c/o Hong Kong Daily Press.** [5834]

**DO YOU WANT BETTER HEALTH? SIMPLE WAY—**No long waiting for Remedies—Catarrh, Malaria, Rheumatism, Nervousness, Indigestion, Constipation, Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis, Dropsy, POO ON HERB CO. (Yee Fook Loo, Chinese Herbalist, 25 years' experience in America), 624, Queen's Road Central (1st floor), Telephone 66, Queen's Road Central—Hours: Daily 9 a.m. to 12 noon, 1.30 p.m. to 5 p.m. (Sundays 10 to 3).

**POCKET CALCULATOR** which Adds, Subtracts, Multiplies Accurately—Has Big Machines and Counts up to 999,999,999. It is so Useful, Convenient and Inexpensive that it does the Entire Work Satisfactorily, Rapidly and Accurately. \$15 Post Free. **D. H. WARDEN, GARDEN, BOMBAY.** [5890]

**PREPAID "WANTED" ADVERTISEMENTS.**

**WANTED—STENOGRAPHER** (Male). Foreign Experience. Essential. Apply: **Stirling Agency and Exports Co., Box No. 314, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press.** [512]

## INTIMATIONS.

**CIGARETTES DE LUXE**

**BLUE RING CIGARETTES.**

**TURKISH VIRGINIA MAGNUMS. VIRGINIA INFANTAS.**

Hand made from the Finest Tobaccos procurable.

Supplied to Clubs, Regimental and Naval Messes, Leading Hotels, Ocean Liners and Railway Companies.

**"INSTITUTE OF HYGIENE, 1922.**

This is to certify that the "Ring" Cigarettes of Messrs. The Ring Cigarettes Co., Ltd., of London, have been passed by the EXAMINING BOARD of the INSTITUTE of HYGIENE as fulfilling the Standard of Merit required by them in evidence of which the Council have affixed the SEAL of the Institute hereon.  
Issued this Sixth day of October, 1922.  
By Order of the Council.

These High Class Cigarettes, are specially manufactured for, and sold only through Leading Wine Merchants.

Sole Agents for Hong Kong and South China:

**A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.**

**WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS.**

**ESTABLISHED 1841.**

**PHONE C. 618.** [50]

Hong Kong Office: 11, Ice House Street.

London Office: 21, Bride Lane, Fleet Street, E.C. 4.

**The Daily Press.**

Hong Kong, March 5th, 1928.

**MARSHAL LI-TSAI HSIN'S VISIT TO HONG KONG.**

The visit of Marshal Li Tsai Hsin and the officials of the Southern Government to Hong Kong passed off very successfully. The visitors, we believe, were sincerely impressed by the cordiality of their reception and the honours accorded them. The interest of the Chinese generally was manifested by the large number of flags displayed and by the huge crowds which thronged the streets. The people stood in lines ten or a dozen deep all along Queen's Road for hours on Saturday evening to catch a fleeting glimpse of the Marshal as he drove to the banquet given by the Hong Kong Chinese General Chamber of Commerce in China Building. And there was not a single untoward incident. This fact is significant and deserves to be put on record. Marshal Li Tsai Hsin must have many bitter enemies among the agitators and bad characters whose organisations he has suppressed during recent months, and there is little doubt that some of these have made their way to Hong Kong. But they did not dare show themselves. The crowds were orderly, good-humoured and friendly, and gathered because the Marshal's policy has secured for him a widespread popularity. The Cantonese are growing steadily more confident that a leader has at last arisen who is determined, as far as it lies in his power, to give them that reasonable chance of commercial development to which we have previously referred, and so great are the hopes which have been raised, and such the temper of the crowd, that we truly believe any malcontent would have been torn limb from limb who had ventured to introduce a jarring note in the general welcome or to act in a manner suggestive of harm to the central figure. This is a feature of the demonstration which we feel that Marshal Li might well ponder. It should give him confidence to pursue, in spite of all obstacles and difficulties, the course which he has laid down. His power must be based upon the goodwill of the people. He has it now, and each month that passes will strengthen the foundation upon which he stands. Adequate police protection and caution may be essential for the time being until those who look to periods of unrest and disorder for their livelihood have been eliminated, but the opportunities for harm which such men possess are immeasurably reduced when the current of general opinion is definitely antagonistic to them, and they disappear entirely when peace and contentment reign. Marshal Li's best safeguard from attack either from within or from outside his own territory is the confidence of the people that he is working steadfastly in their interests. Kwangtung is one of the richest provinces in China, but its claim to distinction need not rest only upon its riches. Under a good government and with its millions of population loyally supporting the administration, it should be safe from political intrigue, where a few thousand dollars so often turns the scale, and impregnable in the face of any hostile army. Marshal Li has declared his determination to make the development of the Liang Kwang provinces his life's work, and as we have repeatedly urged, it is a task which should be sufficient to satisfy the ambition of any man. His predecessors in office have frittered away the opportunities, which lay ready to their hands, by participation in other, and seemingly more grandiose schemes, and the result has been chaos. It is because the people, sick to death of war, are assured that Marshal Li will not follow these examples that they now give him their support, and it is this support which, at all costs, he should retain.

It is almost inevitable, of course, that speeches of welcome and the speeches in reply delivered at a series of social functions should be very similar in their substance. Compliments are exchanged and topics of controversy are naturally excluded. But H.E. THE GOVERNOR came down to realities in his address at the luncheon at Government House, and we are exceedingly pleased to see that Marshal Li, in his own phrase, "did not sing in high notes."

"Eliminate pirates and brigands," said H.E. THE GOVERNOR. "Put an end to civil war. Protect life and property, trade and commerce. Do this and in Kwangtung, in Kwangsi and in Hong Kong there will be an era of prosperity and happiness such as South China has not seen for many a year. Do this, and the coffers of your provincial Treasury will soon be replenished by an abundant revenue. Do this, and there need no longer be any clamour about 'unequal treaties,' 'imperialism' and other senseless slogans which were formerly encouraged by the malice of Communist propaganda."

Marshal Li at the Chinese dinner on Saturday announced that the monthly revenue of his Government was between six and seven million dollars, and that since the New Year, by economy and retrenchment, they had been able to earmark a surplus of \$2,000,000 for the purpose of bank note redemption. He even expressed the hope, based upon the financial returns, that the

Central Bank of China notes would be restored to parity within a few months. This is a statement which must have gladdened the hearts of all the merchants present. While there were millions of practically valueless bank notes floating around the Province any substantial and permanent revival in trade was impossible. Now it is known that the urgent problem of currency depreciation is being tackled in a thoroughly business-like way, the prospects of better business in the immediate future are tremendously improved. When Marshal Li Tsai Hsin returned from Shanghai he found an empty Treasury and the situation for a few weeks was admittedly critical. But he has shown that with care and good judgment in expenditure Kwangtung's revenue even now is sufficient for Kwangtung's needs and the position should steadily improve until the question of finance ought soon to cease being a cause of anxiety. Previously two million dollars a month were squandered on the Northern expedition. That contribution has been stopped, never we hope to be resumed, and this sum invested at home will quickly show results in increased efficiency all round. With proved efficiency comes confidence. Marshal Li Tsai Hsin's visit to Hong Kong, we sincerely believe, has increased in a remarkable degree the confidence of the Colony in the stability of the Kwangtung régime.

The name of Mr. Tai Cho Wong has been added to the list of authorised architects in the Colony.

Mr. John Manners, of Messrs. John Manners & Co., returned to the Colony on Saturday by the M.V. *Asia*.

Sampans and boats have been prohibited from anchoring, congregating or loitering within 100 yards of the entire sea wall of the Naval Yard.

The name of Dr. Li Shue Pui, Bachelor of Medicine and Bachelor of Surgery of the University of Hong Kong has been added to the list of medical practitioners in the Colony.

The annual general meeting of the Society of St. George will be held in the office of the Hong Kong Jockey Club, on the ground floor of the Hong Kong Club Annex, on Friday, March 9th, at 5.30 p.m.

It is announced in the *Gazette* that Mr. B. D. F. Baith has been appointed a Justice of the Peace of the Colony, and that Mr. C. G. S. Mackie, upon returning to the Colony, has resumed his appointment as a Justice of the Peace.

Sub-Assistant Surgeon Jemadar Faiz Mohammad Khan, of the Indian Subordinate Medical Department, has been authorised by the Governor to sign medical certificates of the cause of death for the purposes of the Births and Deaths Registration Ordinance.

Sub-Lieut. Takamatsu, younger brother of the Emperor of Japan, will visit Manila this year during the course of a 20,000 mile cruise which he will take aboard the training cruiser *Yakuma*. He will be among a party of 127 cadets. The cruise will start from Yokohama April 23rd. Honolulu and various Australian and Asiatic ports will be visited.

The *Gazette* notifies that a large area of Crown land near the golf site on the south eastern portion of Kowloon Bay (Kai-Tsuk) Reclamation is used for the unauthorized storage of granite stones. Unless the stones are claimed, ownership proved, storage charges paid, and permission to remove the stones obtained, before the 12th March, the materials will be sold and the purchase money used to liquidate the sums due for storage.

**WEATHER REPORT.**

Yesterday's weather report, forecast and remarks, issued by the Royal Observatory at 5.45 p.m., stated:—

The anti-cyclone is stationary over S. Manchuria. An area of low pressure extends from Tongking across the N. China Sea.

Local Forecast:—N.E. winds, moderate; cloudy; misty; some rain.

**MR. ORMSBY GORE.**  
**UNABLE TO VISIT HONG KONG.**  
**REPLY TO CABLE OF INVITATION.**  
Mr. W. G. A. Ormsby Gore, the Under-Secretary of State for the Colonies, who is visiting Singapore and Malaya, will be unable to come to Hong Kong. A cordial invitation to the Colony was extended to him but consideration of time made it impossible for the invitation to be accepted.  
H.E. The Governor of Hong Kong cabled to the Secretary of State for the Colonies:  
"Unofficial Members of Executive and Legislative Councils unanimously request that Mr. Ormsby Gore may extend his journey so as to include visit to Hong Kong. I heartily support this request."  
The reply from Mr. Amery was as follows:  
"Your telegram 17th February. Much appreciate invitation extended to Ormsby Gore to visit Hong Kong but regret that time will not permit this so important that he should return for last part of Session."

**LOCAL WEDDINGS.**

**LUER—HERMS.**

The wedding took place on Saturday at the Union Church between Mr. Heinrich Herman Luer, merchant, of 6, Felix Villas, Hong Kong, son of Mr. and Mrs. Aug. Luer, of Hamburg, and Miss Gertrude Elsie Herms, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Herms, also of Hamburg. Mr. L. Svendsen and Mr. B. Soltan jointly carried out the duties of "best man."

**LEECH—WARREN.**

A pretty wedding took place on Saturday at 11 a.m. in St. John's Cathedral between Miss Hilda Mary Leech of 55, Gibson Road, Cambridge, and Mr. Leonard Warren of Lever Bros. (China), Ltd., Shanghai. The bride who was attended by Mrs. H. A. Pearson wore a graceful frock of beige georgette over pink and a georgette coat to match with a collar of summer ermine. Her beige felt hat was flower trimmed and she carried a bouquet of pink and gold roses. The Dean (the Very Rev. A. Swann) conducted the ceremony after which a reception was held at the Hong Kong Hotel. The "best man" was Mr. B. L. Serton Winton. The honeymoon is being spent at Repulse Bay. Mrs. Warren left wearing a black cloth coat trimmed with brown fur and a black velvet hat trimmed with flame and grey.

**DEATH OF FORMER POSTAL OFFICIAL.**

**THE LATE MR. G. G. BURNETT.**

A former well-known official of the Hong Kong General Post Office, Mr. George Gaskell Burnett, died at Cheltenham on January 13th. Although Mr. Burnett left as long ago as 1914 there are still a large number of former friends in the Colony who will hear of his death with very great regret.  
Mr. Burnett was born at Kendal in 1857 and upon leaving school he was appointed a military staff clerk in Gibraltar, and subsequently went to Australia in a similar capacity.  
Mr. Burnett came to Hong Kong in 1892 and retired in 1914 owing to ill health. He was then senior clerk in the General Post Office. Mr. Burnett was a prominent Freemason, being Past Master of the United Services Lodge. He was married in 1894, his wife dying in January, 1905. In December of the same year he married Miss Florence Mary Roberts, who was born at Tientsin, and who survives him, with her three sons.

**EXTENSION OF PUBLICAN LICENCES.**

**C.S.P.'S POWERS FURTHER DEFINED.**

The *Government Gazette* notifies that the condition relating to the carrying on of the business of licensed publican or adjunct licensee which is contained in section 23 (1) of the Liquors Consolidation Ordinance, 1911, has been altered by the addition of the following proviso:  
"Provided also that the Captain Superintendent of Police, in his discretion and in respect of occasions deemed by him to be special occasions, may grant permits in writing extending the hours during which liquor may be sold or drunk upon the licensed premises of any publican. Of permits there shall be two classes: that is to say, Class A, allowing sale to and drinking by the general public, and Class B, allowing sale to and drinking by members of a class, group, body or institution, exclusively."

**WEATHER REPORT.**

Yesterday's weather report, forecast and remarks, issued by the Royal Observatory at 5.45 p.m., stated:—

The anti-cyclone is stationary over S. Manchuria. An area of low pressure extends from Tongking across the N. China Sea.

Local Forecast:—N.E. winds, moderate; cloudy; misty; some rain.



## DIPLOMATIC BODY TO DISCUSS CUSTOMS REVISION PROBLEM.

ACTING "I-G." REPORTS UPON HIS VISIT TO SHANGHAI.

MARSHAL CHIANG AGAIN IN SHANGHAI.

NORTHERN TROOPS PREPARING TO MEET FENG'S TROOPS.

## TERRIBLE "RED" ATROCITY IN WESTERN HUNAN.

Following upon the report submitted by the Acting "I-G.," the Diplomatic Body, according to the vernacular Press, intend to discuss at an early meeting the state of affairs regarding the Chinese Maritime Customs in the light of Mr. Edwards' recent visit to Shanghai.

Marshal Chiang Kai Shek again visited Shanghai, but returned immediately to Nanking.

The Northern troops, under the leadership of General Yang Yu Ting, Chief of Staff, have occupied strategic points with a view to defending the coming attack of Marshal Feng Yu Hsiang's troops.

The outrage reported from Western Hunan is one of the worst recorded for a long time. Disbanded soldiers and "Reds" formed a barbarous rabble and murdered, outraged and looted diabolically.

## MARSHAL CHIANG RETURNS TO SHANGHAI.

(Wah Ts Yat Pao.)

SHANGHAI, March 4th. Marshal Chiang Kai Shek returned to Shanghai from Hangchow yesterday. He will proceed to Nanking to-night.

## HUNAN ATROCITY.

## DISBANDED SOLDIERS AND "REDS."

## 300 MONKS SLAUGHTERED.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

HANKOW, March 2nd.

Tales of horror rivaling those of Swabie have come through from Lei-yang, a city of about 500,000 inhabitants in the Southern part of Hunan, where numbers of soldiers disbanded from the armies of General Tang Seng Chi, joined the Communist Peasant Union fanatics in an orgy of massacre and rapine.

The city is reported to have been almost gutted in a terrible catastrophe. Hundreds of the inhabitants were inhumanly tortured, and finally butchered.

One case which will shock the whole world is that concerning the fate of three hundred monks.

They were locked in a temple and the place was set on fire. All the monks perished, not one living to tell the terrible tale. The Communists responsible for the ghastly outrage are retreating into Kwangsi and it is reported have captured Kweilin.

## SWEDEN AND THE SOVIET.

## AGREEMENT WITH SOVIET TRADE DELEGATION.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

STOCKHOLM, March 4th.

The Riksdag has adopted the Government Bill approving of an agreement regarding the rights and duties of the Soviet Trade Delegation at Stockholm.

The Opponents, who included ex-Premier Hammarskjöld, objected to the conferment of extraterritorial rights on 40 members of the Soviet.

The Foreign Minister assured the Conservative leader Trygger, in the Upper Chamber, that the Agreement would be denounced if the Trade Delegation were found working outside of legitimate objects.

## AUSTRALIAN STOCK.

## AN \$2,000,000 LOAN FLOATED IN LONDON.

(BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.)

RUGBY, March 4th.

Underwriting was arranged today for the new issue of \$2,000,000 five per cent. stock of the Commonwealth of the Australian Government.

The price of issue will be 98 per cent. When last the offer of stock was made in November, 1925, the issue price was 94.

## ITALY'S REPLY TO AUSTRIA.

CHARACTERISTIC SPEECH BY SIGNOR MUSSOLINI.

"MAKE ACTS SPEAK."

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

Rome, March 3rd.

In the Chamber of Deputies, Signor Mussolini was loudly applauded for his vigorous speech with regard to the position of the German minorities in the Italian Tyrol.

He said: "This is the last time that I shall speak on this subject, next time I shall make acts speak."

(Loud applause.) He declared that the Austrian complaint was unjustified and provocative. The territory concerned was treated like other Italian provinces; and the reports of tyranny, torture and murder by barbarous fascist dictatorship in the Upper Adige were ridiculous. "We are not the pupils of Austria which throughout the century peopled half of Europe with executioners, filled the prisons with martyrs and erected gallows incessantly."

Italy And The Upper Adige.

Sig. Mussolini dwelt on Italian tolerance and the great public works undertaken by Italy in the Upper Adige at a cost of hundreds of millions of lire. He declared that as Italy's great forbearance had been misinterpreted all of the fifteen German newspapers in the Upper Adige had to be suppressed. If the anti-Italian campaign were continued and foreign employees shortly transferred elsewhere or dismissed by Austrian hostility towards Italy due to "Germanism," that feeling would be unable to win against the cold systematic determination of Fascist Italy.

Italy And The Germanic World.

Italy wished to be friends with the Germanic world provided Italian security was never even vaguely called in question.

After referring to the German agitation for the re-union of north and south Tyrol, Sig. Mussolini concluded: "We make it known to Austria and the world that the whole of Italy with its quick and its dead stands at Brenner." (Loud cheers.)

Sig. Mussolini And The League.

Signor Mussolini, referring to the League of Nations, declared that "if the Assembly of the League thrusts its way into the labyrinth of the so-called minorities it would never come out alive." [Recently bitter reference was made by the Austrian Premier to Italy's treatment of the Austrian minorities in the Italian Tyrol.]

## THE SOVIET AND GERMANY.

## TENTH ANNIVERSARY OF BRESLITOVSK TREATY.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

Moscow, March 4th.

The tenth anniversary of the signing of the Treaty of Brest-Litovsk has been commemorated by newspaper articles on the Russo-German commercial negotiations, which hitherto had been encountering many obstacles.

The *Inertia* opposes the German suggestion to establish an export bank on the ground that such a bank is unnecessary as neither side proposes to revise the Russo-German Trade Treaty embodying the recognition of the Soviet monopoly of foreign trade. The *Pravda* protests against the efforts of the German Press to ascribe a "sensational character" to the negotiations as an event wherein the fate of the Soviet depends.

## FRENCH GENERAL ELECTION.

## THE DATE FIXED.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

Paris, March 4th.

The General Elections have been fixed to take place on April 2nd.

## COLLISION AT MALTA.

S.S. "CORINTHIC" RAMS H.M.S. "QUEEN ELIZABETH."

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

MALTA, March 4th.

The British steamer *Corinthic*, when leaving the Grand Harbour, rammed the battleship *Queen Elizabeth* destroying the latter's Port-side saloon balcony.

The *Corinthic's* bows were damaged and she had to be towed away by Admiralty tugs.

## THE TROUBLE IN SAMOA.

## IMPROVED STATE OF AFFAIRS.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

WELLINGTON, March 4th.

The Administrator of Samoa has addressed the Mau prisoners, whose spokesman said the Mau felt that their grievances had been met, but they required time to consider the Administrator's words before definitely answering.

The Administrator's talk has obviously removed many misunderstandings and the outlook is brighter than it has been during the past twelve months.

## HAIG MEMORIAL HOMES.

## APPEAL BY H.R.H.

(BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.)

RUGBY, March 2nd.

The Prince of Wales this afternoon initiated the appeal for £200,000 to build homes for ex-servicemen as a memorial to the late Field Marshal Earl Haig.

Speaking at a meeting held at the official residence of the Lord Mayor of London, the Prince said he could not remember any cause in which his own personal feelings were deeper and stronger.

There were three main reasons which urged the whole nation to perpetuate the memory of Earl Haig.

The first was gratitude for the great services to the community, the second was recognition in him of certain qualities typical of all that was best in the national character, and the third was the practical desire to carry on the work which he was doing and which his death had interrupted.

Great as were Earl Haig's war services, those after the Armistice were even greater for it was then that the true value of his personality found its finest expression. Having kept alive the spirit of his army in the last eventful year of the war he continued to inspire it throughout the difficult months which followed.

In that troubled sea Earl Haig stood like a rock, grounded unshakably on his determination to stand by the men who had fought under him. Their confidence in him was not misplaced.

The Premier and Mr. Ramsay MacDonald were also present and spoke in support of the appeal.

## DUTCH FINANCE BILL.

## TAXATION OF NATIONALS IN FOREIGN DOMICILES.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

THE HAGUE, March 2nd.

Following the rejection by the Second Chamber of the Bill taxing Dutch nationals living abroad, the Minister of Finance has modified the Bill, limiting the proposed tax to the estates and gifts made during the life-time of Dutch nationals domiciled abroad.

## VIOLENT SNOWSTORMS IN TRANS-CAUCASIA.

Moscow, March 3rd.

Railway traffic was interrupted and telegraphic communications between many towns cut as the result of violent snowstorms in Trans-Caucasia. There have been serious avalanches in the mountains. A house at Batumi collapsed under the weight of the snow and five people were killed and four seriously injured.

## M.P.'S SUDDEN DEATH.

DIES AFTER ADDRESSING A MEETING.

(BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.)

RUGBY, March 3rd.

Mr. James Kidd, Conservative Member of Parliament for Louth, died suddenly last night after addressing a local political meeting. Mr. Kidd complained of feeling unwell during the meeting and, after resting in the ante-room, drove with his wife to consult a doctor. He collapsed and died in the motor-car.

Mr. Kidd's majority over the Labour candidate, Mr. Shawell, at the General Election was 640.

## THE "LOS ANGELES."

## BIG U.S. DIRIGIBLE IN DANGER.

## SAILORS CLING TO CABIN RAILS.

(REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.)

LAKE HURST (New Jersey), March 3rd.

The naval dirigible *Los Angeles* has completed the trip to the Panama Canal zone. Landing operations were interrupted by a blinding snowstorm and the airship was carried off with four sailors clinging to the cabin handrails. Their fate is unknown.

## Successful Flight.

The *Los Angeles* is a former Zeppelin and is America's biggest airship. It is commanded by Lt. Comdr. Rosendahl. It departed on February 28th and reached France Field, in the Canal zone, a distance of 2,265 miles, in 40 hours, which is the longest flight since the Atlantic was crossed.

It proceeded to Cuba and returned to Lake Hurst at 11.30 last night. It was landed at four this morning after several unsuccessful attempts.

The *Los Angeles* then reascended to continue cruising until the winds became moderate.

## Sailors Safe.

LATER.

With the sailors safe aboard, having been hauled in through the windows, the *Los Angeles* descended and was successfully shepherded to a hangar.

## CAPTAIN HINKLER.

## BEING ENTERTAINED IN AUSTRALIA.

(BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.)

RUGBY, March 3rd.

Captain Hinkler, who is being feted in Australia, has called to his wife asking her to go to Australia to share in the rejoicings over his success of his great flight, and she is leaving this week.

It is unlikely that Hinkler will return to England for some time.

## BANK OF ITALY.

## DISCOUNT RATE REDUCED.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

Rome, March 4th.

The Bank of Italy has reduced its discount rate from 7 to 6.5 per cent.

## OBITUARY.

## EX-TSARIST POLICE CHIEF.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

PARIS, March 4th.

The death is announced of M. Lapukhin, the ex-Tsarist police chief, who was notable in unmasking the notorious agent provocateur, Azef.

## FAMOUS DUTCH PAINTER.

THE HAGUE, March 4th.

The death has occurred of Heer Jan Toorop, the painter.

## MC OW'S NEW PRO-AGANDA.

## ANTI-BRIT. FILMS FREE FOR THE EAST.

According to the Moscow official-controlled newspaper *Pravda* of January 25th, the Soviets, dissatisfied with the results of their propaganda in the East, are preparing a new push by means of improved methods.

Arrangements have been completed to show Soviet-made films in Eastern countries. Each film will agitate for the abolition of existing institutions. One film will deal with "The Colonial Policy of Britain in India." Other films are to "expose" the League of Nations.

The work is to be done by the newly formed "Vostokkino" (Eastern Cinema) in collaboration with all the other film-producing organizations in Soviet Russia. The new films are expected to reach India, China, Pakistan, Egypt, Syria, and elsewhere in the spring. They will be given to cinemas either free or for a very small fee. Travelling cinemas will be organized to reach the most remote villages.

## FORMER GERMAN COLONIES.

A PROTEST REGARDING TANGANYIKA.

WHAT GERMANS ALLEGE.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

BERLIN, March 4th.

At a meeting of the German Colonial Organisations the ex-Governors of East-Africa and Kiaochow, Doctor Schnee, Captain Meyer Waldeck, ex-Colonial Minister Beß and others delivered speeches protesting against alleged British efforts to annex Tanganyika and demanding the German Government to draw the attention of the League of Nations to the danger threatening the Mandates' system.

## BRITISH FAIR.

## GREATER SUCCESS THAN EVER.

(BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.)

RUGBY, March 3rd.

The London and Birmingham sections of the British Industries' Fair closed last night. Over 100,000 buyers and 30,000 of the public visited the London section. The Oversea buyers represented 60 countries.

Mr. Douglas Hacking, Parliamentary Secretary of the Overseas Trade Department, which organises the Fair, said last night that he had received on all sides assurances that business this year had been better than at the last fair. The great majority of the exhibitors expressed satisfaction with their results. As evidence of this, provisional applications for space for the 1929 Fair are being received from exhibitors in great numbers and over 100,000 square feet have already been applied for. In pottery and glass ware, for instance, 20,000 square feet has already been earmarked out of 25,000 occupied this year. Manufacturers regard the Fair as affording a remarkable opportunity for introducing novelties of all kinds to the markets of the world.

The business done at the heavy section of the Fair at Birmingham has exceeded all previous records.

## SIR A. CHAMBERLAIN.

## TO ATTEND LEAGUE MEETINGS.

(BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.)

RUGBY, March 3rd.

The Foreign Secretary, Sir Austen Chamberlain, accompanied by his private secretary, Mr. Walford Serby, left London for Geneva this morning to attend the meetings of the League of Nations which open on Monday.

During the course of the meetings of the Council, Sir Ronald Lindsay, until lately Ambassador to Berlin and who has been appointed to succeed Sir William Tyrrell as Permanent Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, will visit Geneva. He will attend the Council meetings.

## ANGLO-EGYPTIAN NEGOTIATIONS.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

LONDON, March 2nd.

The Egyptian reply to the British proposals for the settlement of the outstanding questions between Britain and Egypt is expected to be in the hands of the British Government to-morrow.

Reuter learns that the reply is unfavourable.

(BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.)

RUGBY, March 2nd.

According to telegrams from Cairo it seems probable that the Egyptian Cabinet will reject the draft Treaty with Great Britain, which is the outcome of several months' negotiations between Sir Wat Pasha and Sir Austen Chamberlain.

The proposals, which represent a sincere attempt by Great Britain to meet the legitimate Egyptian aspirations, will be made public when they are laid before the British Parliament early next week.

## FRANCE, SPAIN AND TANGIER.

NEW AGREEMENT SIGNED.

ITALY AND BRITAIN INTERESTED.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

PARIS, March 4th.

The Franco-Spanish Tangier Agreement has been signed by which Spain's desire for a fuller share in the Administration of Tangier has been met by an amendment of the 1923 Statute, and Spain has been given command of the gendarmerie hitherto held by Belgium and a more active role in regard to the police.

## A Communiqué.

A communiqué states that the Franco-Spanish Tangier Agreement will be communicated to the British and Italian Governments, which will be invited to participate in the conversations in Paris shortly with regard to the Franco-Spanish proposals and conditions.

When Italy's adhesion to the Tangier statute agreements has been reached by four powers it will then be submitted for the assent of the other interested Powers.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

## International Negotiations.

PARIS, March 4th.

The first stage of the international negotiations concerning Tangier concluded yesterday with the signing of the Franco-Spanish Agreement under which a greater share has been granted to Spain in the administration of Tangier without affecting the basis of the Statute of Tangier and the sovereignty of the Sultan.

France and Spain will notify the Agreement to the Italian and British Government and invite them to take part in the continuation of the negotiations for a final Four-Powers Agreement.

## THE GHOST IN CAMBRIDGE MARSH.

## A COWLED MONK.

## AT HOME NIGHTLY EXCEPT SUNDAYS.

CAMBRIDGE.

Cambridge has discovered a ghost—not one of those dangerous spirits that throw cold about, but a mild, silent, unassuming, stay-at-home ghost of the early-to-bed type, for its haunting hours are 6.30 to 9.20 in the evening, Sundays excluded.

The form ascribed to the ghost by more than 100 people who claim to have seen it is that of a cowled monk, though there are others who describe it as an old man hobbling with a stick.

No ghost could have chosen a more eerie spot to frequent than the marshy patch of land on the Chesterton side of the Cam, behind the boat-houses. Owls make the night hideous with their mournful hooting, and the wind moans in the trees.

## Vanishes Into A Bush.

It was first seen, on December 17th, and since then has made regular appearances. It is said to glide very smoothly and fast in and out of trees, and then disappear into a bush—always the same bush. It appears for only from three to five minutes.

One night a troop of Boy Scouts kept watch, but it failed to appear, being Sunday.

A professional man, who says he has twice seen the ghost, told me, curiously enough, that no one is afraid.

"There is fascination but no fear," he said. "It is distinctly luminous and shows clearly the shape of a monk wearing a cowl. It has never appeared after any one has ventured into the willows to watch. As many as 60 people have seen it at the same time, and it has come to within a few yards of the waiting crowd."

## Meet Me At The Ghost.

One theory is that the ghost originates from marsh gas, known as Will-o'-the-Wisp or Jack-o'-Lantern, which is common in the Fen district.

Residents of houses in the neighbourhood are not perturbed about it. They treat it as a nightly expected piece of entertainment. They do not ask, "Have you seen the ghost?" because they all claim to have done so. They merely say, "I will meet you at the ghost to-night."



## THE WEEK-END SPORT.

Cricket, Local and Home Football, Kwanti Steeplechase, Lawn Tennis, Hockey, etc.

## CRICKET.

## NAVY v. UNIVERSITY.

## ICHABOD.

The Navy were at home to the University first eleven in a Senior League game on Saturday last. It was a bright afternoon with a good light, but there was a very strong wind, about E.N.E. I think, and it was impossible to keep the screens up. So very sensibly they did without them altogether. (Nothing is more upsetting than a screen that collapses every five minutes.) The wicket was rather drier—distinctly on the bad side; but the captain of the Navy second remarked rather pathetically that it played a dashed side better for the first than it did for the second!

The Navy won the toss and put the University in. For a long time everything in the garden was lovely. Wickets fell steadily, and when 5 were down for 38 things looked indeed black for the University. Gutierrez came to the rescue of his side and saved them from entire and ignominious collapse. He took his life in his hands and beat at the ball, and though he hit it up in the air quite a bit, it never went to hand.

## Last Wicket Stand.

However things were in a pretty parlous way as the ninth wicket fell at 62. But as several times before this season Hong Shing, who I see has been promoted to No. 10 in the batting order, collected 13, and A. T. Lee, 8 in a last wicket stand which realized 21. It is incredibly better than 62, and I think this put the University's hearts up, and made them realize that they still had an outside chance of winning.

It was not really the fault of the Navy. Their bowling was good and well managed and their fielding excellent. They just had a shade the worse of the luck in that a good many lifted hits went away for runs instead of into a fielder's hands. Sparrow, Lugg, Hill and Shaw shared the wickets and there was a run out. (This running business wants looking into in the "Varsity" side. There is a run out every match—and its pure bad calling, as they are much faster between the wickets than the average batsmen. It is, I suppose an imperfect apprehension of the short-running theory of Ponsby-Pane. They want coaching right out of it, and would do well to go and listen to the way that T. E. Pearce and R. H. Hancock call. It's no good chirruping like a canary if you want a short run; either beckon and say nothing, or shout.)

## Navy's Simple Task.

It looked indeed a very simple task that lay before the Navy. They had only 84 to get to win and ought to have done it on their heads. But the team had suffered the fate that so often overtakes Navy sides and there were several changes from the side which was selected on Wednesday. The two biggest losses perhaps were Lieut. Cecil and Lieut. J. H. Dale, the interlopers cricketer. The latter was not well enough to turn out. I don't know what happened to Cecil. Thomson's wrist also kept him out of the side.

However, they did not make too bad a start as Hunt and McNair took the score to 20 before the first wicket fell. Davies and Lugg did not stop but actually there were 40 runs up on the board and only three wickets down.

## Catastrophe.

Then Rumjahn went on and with three balls completely altered the state of affairs by getting Hunt (the best Navy bats) caught, and bowling Shaw and Healing. This was a staggering blow for the Navy for I should say that of the eleven playing the three victims of the hat-trick were quite the best three bats.

## The Apotheosis of the Hat-trick.

I should not like to say how many of the Navy side were out to half-volleys—I saw three distinctly. Walker, I understand, has come to the conclusion that in this country it is a mistake to try and take turf with your bats. There is little to say more. After the hat-trick the last four wickets succumbed gently and peacefully. A. T. Lee, who seemed to be bowling pretty fast down wicket, got three of them. So the Navy were all out for 49 and the University, instead of getting a tremendous hiding as looked probable for the whole of the early stages of the game, won the match by 34 runs. Truly, cricket is a game full of surprises.

## The Winning Team.

This completes the tale of the University's first eleven matches and they have won seven and lost one. An excellent record. They are not really a fine cricket eleven. They have won most of their matches, as happened in their second eleven's case, by a level range of batting, a store of six useful though by no means brilliant bowlers, by magnificent fielding and by the most terrific keenness. But it must be

confessed that, of the eight other sides in the Senior League, Kowloon and the R.N. at full strength are the only two really good ones. Indians "A" have fallen off, Civil Service are very poor. But the team work of the University has been excellent and their captaincy very good. There are a good many captains of League teams who might well take a tip from the way Lam (it is Lam isn't it!) has worked his bowling. For instance in the innings of 49 by the Navy no less than five bowlers went on though only eighteen and a half overs were sent down.

By way with deference, I would point out to both scorers that they have got their analysis wrong in each innings. They get the runs hit from bowlers plus extras to equal the totals in each case, but they overlook the fact that one wide was bowled by Shaw and 3 wides by Gutierrez. These must be added in against the bowler when his analysis is made up at the end of the innings. The correct figures are, therefore, Shaw 2 for 12 (and not 11); Gutierrez 3 for 8 (and not 5).

The effect of this win is that it is a moral certainty that the Shield decision lies in the result of the Civil Service-Kowloon match which is down for decision at Happy Valley on next Saturday. On paper and form Kowloon should win, but you never know. But one will hope to see a few spectators down there. If there is a big football match they might be too busy to keep the ropes on the R. boundary. A draw gives University the Shield.

## R. ABBIT.

Score and analysis—

**First Innings Of University.**

S. V. Gittins, c Woods, b Lugg	4
J. H. Lee, run out	2
F. L. Zimmern, c Lugg, b Sparrow	0
A. P. Gutierrez, c and b Shaw	20
A. A. Rumjahn, b Sparrow	2
D. Laing, b Hill	7
Dr. D. K. Samy, b Shaw	3
C. W. Lam, b Hill	3
W. Hong Sling, b Sparrow	13
A. T. Lee, not out	8
Extras (byes 3, wide 1)	4
<b>Total</b>	<b>83</b>

Fall of wickets—1/5; 2/10; 3/10; 4/20; 5/20; 6/30; 7/33; 8/51; 9/62; 10/83.

**Bowling Analysis.**

	O.	M.	R.	W.
E.R.A. Sparrow	10.2	1	30	3
Sgt. Lugg	8	2	32	2
E.R.A. Hill	6	0	25	2
Pay-Lt. Cdr. Shaw	4	0	19	2
—Bowled 1 wide.				

**First Innings Of Navy.**

Lt. Cdr. McNair, b Gutierrez	9
Lt. Hunt, R.M., c E. A. Lee, b Rumjahn	13
Lt. Davies, c Lam, b Gutierrez	4
Sgt. Lugg, run out	4
Surg-Lt. Bingham, b A. T. Lee	2
Pay-Lt. Com. Shaw, b Rumjahn	0
Lt. Healing, b Rumjahn	0
E.R.A. Sparrow, l.b.w., b A. T. Lee	5
Lt. Walker, c and b Rumjahn	0
E.R.A. Hill, b A. T. Lee	0
P.O. Woods, not out	3
Extras (byes 5, leg bye 1, wide 3)	9
<b>Total</b>	<b>49</b>

Fall of wickets—1/30; 2/27; 3/31; 4/40; 5/40; 6/40; 7/45; 8/46; 9/46; 10/49.

**Bowling Analysis.**

	O.	M.	R.	W.
A. P. Gutierrez	5	3	8	2
A. T. Lee	3.3	4	12	3
C. W. Lam	3	1	10	0
S. V. Gittins	2	0	7	0
A. A. Rumjahn	2	0	6	4
—Bowled 3 wides.				

## 1st DIVISION LEAGUE MATCHES.

## KOWLOON C.C. v. CHINESE R.C.

Playing on their own ground, the Kowloon C.C. won a comparatively easy victory over their opponents by ten wickets.

Batting first the Chinese R.C. were dismissed for the small total of 92 runs. W. C. Hung made highest score with 17 runs, while W. Brace of batting fame took three wickets for ten runs. Reynolds also took four wickets for 38 runs. Kowloon passed their opponents totally before the first wicket fell. A. W. Ramsay and E. C. Fincher making a very good stand. Both played the half century, and retired for 55 and 54 runs respectively. W. Brace also made 23 runs before he was bowled by H. Ching.

## Chinese R.C.

W. H. Kwan, b Goodwin	4
C. Choa, b Brace	13
T. E. Yeoh, b Goodwin	11
W. C. Hung, c Lawrence, b Reynolds	17
Ng Sze Kwong, b Brace	11
Tsui Wai Pui, c E. C. Fincher, b Reynolds	6
<b>Total</b>	<b>92</b>

H. C. Hung, c Burton, b Reynolds	8
H. Ching, c Jex, b Reynolds	3
A. Hung, c Jex, b Brace	13
K. L. Chau, c Reynolds, b Ross	3
Tsui Hung Pui, not out	2
Extras	1
<b>Total</b>	<b>30</b>

**Bowling Analysis.**

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Lyal	11	0	14	0
Goodwin	12	2	30	2
Brace	8	4	10	3
Reynolds	5	0	28	4
Ross	2	0	0	1

**Kowloon C.C.**

A. W. Ramsay, retired	53
E. C. Fincher, retired	54
F. E. Lawrence, v Chau, b W. C. Hung	3
W. Brace, b Ching	29
E. F. Fincher, c W. C. Hung, b Ng Sze Kwong	27
Capt. Reynolds, not out	19
Extras	19
<b>Total (for 5 wks., dec.)</b>	<b>211</b>

J. C. Lyal, H. T. Burton, F. C. Goodwin, S. Jex, N. H. Ross did not bat.

**Bowling Analysis.**

	O.	M.	R.	W.
W. C. Hung	12	3	45	1
H. Ching	8	0	33	1
H. C. Hung	6	0	37	0
Ng Sze Kwong	4.5	0	23	1
T. E. Yeoh	3	0	25	0
Tsui Wai Pui	1	0	0	0

## DIVISION II. UNIVERSITY v. ELECTRIC R.C.

Playing on the University ground at Pokfulam, the Electric R.C. lost to the University 2nd XI. by six wickets.

Batting first the Electric R.C. made 37 runs. C. Murray being top score with 14 runs, while Sudan for the "Varsity" took seven wickets for ten runs. Chan Fook also took two wickets for only one run.

The University scored 47 runs, of which M. B. Osman made 21 runs. Gaagan, of the Electric R.C., took six wickets for 10 runs.

**Scores—**  
Electric R.C.: 37 runs.  
University 2nd XI: 47 runs for 4 wickets.

## HONG MATCH. "WAYFOONG" AND "EWO."

Playing on the Chinese R.C. ground at Causeway Bay the "Wayfoong" (Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank) passed the "Ewo" (Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co.) total for the loss of six wickets and then went on to score 145.

**Scores—**

D. G. M. Bernard, l.b.w., b Lee	19
W. L. Smith, b Lee	2
W. D. F. Wilson, b Parker	1
W. Blackenridge, c and b Parker	0
W. B. Cornaby, b Parker	1
D. Lyon, b Parker	0
A. Gordon, c Streetfield, b Lee	6
N. L. H. Bailton, c Lee, b Wilkie	7
K. A. Mason, b Wilkie	2
D. J. Purves, b Hammond	5
E. A. Simon, not out	0
Extras	5
<b>Total</b>	<b>41</b>

**Bowling Analysis.**

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Parker	8	4	17	4
Lee	7	2	7	3
Wilkie	1.2	0	6	2
Hammond	1	0	6	1

**"Wayfoong"**

R. A. Green, b Cornaby	17
J. H. Raikes, b Bernard	11
G. D. Mead, b Cornaby	4
J. Hall, b Cornaby	3
M. G. Mills, c Mason, b Cornaby	1
H. V. Parker, retired	55
F. P. Streetfield, b Cornaby	5
H. E. Swayne, b Cornaby	7
B. W. Lee, c Bailton, b Bernard	29
T. E. Hammond, not out	2
J. Wilkie, c Cornaby, b Gordon	1
Extras	10
<b>Total</b>	<b>145</b>

## FRIENDLY MATCHES. HONG KONG C.C. 1st XI v. MR. SAYER'S XI.

Playing on the Hong Kong C.C. ground Mr. G. R. Sayer's team drew with the Hong Kong C.C. The home team batted first and declared at the fall of the eighth wicket for 161 runs. Mr. Owen Hughes who has just returned to the Colony from home leave, was top scorer with 43 runs.

The visitors replied with 128 runs for five wickets.

**Bowling Analysis.**

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Cornaby	13	1	40	8
Bernard	10	1	40	2
Smith	5	0	31	0
Gordon	1.1	0	6	1

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The visitors replied with 128 runs for five wickets.

**Bowling Analysis.**

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Cornaby	13	1	40	8
Bernard	10	1	40	2
Smith	5	0	31	0
Gordon	1.1	0	6	1

**Hong Kong C.C.**

A. W. Hayward, b Leach	9
O. Moor, b Hamson	23
Rev. E. K. Quick, c Leach, b Hamson	18
Capt. N. Thorp, run out	0
H. Owen Hughes, caught, b Madar	43
Capt. A. G. Dobbin, caught, b Madar	31
T. E. Pearce, b Madar	7
K. Batger, caught, b Leach	7
H. R. B. Hancock, not out	16
Extras	10
<b>Total (for 5 wks., dec.)</b>	<b>161</b>

**Bowling Analysis.**

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Musson	14	5	30	0
Leach	9	0	50	2
Hamson	6	0	19	2
Baker	4	0	21	0
Madar	9	0	31	3

**G. R. Sayer's XI.**

F. J. de Rome, c Pearce, b Dobbin	4
D. J. N. Anderson, c Hancock, b Dobbin	1
A. H. Madar, b Thorp	23
A. B. Hamson, c Hayward, b Dobbin	2
Lt. Musson, not out	42
G. R. Sayer, b Thorp	10
Sgt. Leach, not out	25
Extras	19
<b>Total (for 5 wks.)</b>	<b>128</b>

**B. C. K. Hawkins, Baker, H. E. Strange and F. H. Holdman did not bat.**

**Bowling Analysis.**

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Dobbin	8	1	22	3
Wales	13	3	35	0
Quick	6	2	10	0
Thorp	3	1	28	2
Owen Hughes	2	0	14	0

## CRAIGENGOWER C.C. AND H.M.S. "TAMAR."

Playing at Happy Valley H.M.S. Tamar surprised their opponents and won the match by four wickets.

Batting first the home team could only make 54 runs. R. C. Reed being highest scorer with 27 runs. H.M.S. Tamar replied with 131 runs. Pomeroy made top score with 35 runs and Pay-Lt. Waters made 23 runs. N. Mackay took two wickets for 14 runs and Abbas three for twenty-six runs.

**Scores—**  
H.M.S. Tamar: 131 runs.  
C.C.C.: 54 runs.

**Bowling Analysis.**

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Dobbin	8	1	22	3
Wales	13	3	35	0
Quick	6	2	10	0
Thorp	3	1	28	2
Owen Hughes	2	0	14	0

## HONG KONG C.C. 2nd XI v. CIVIL SERVICE C.C. 2nd XI.

Playing on their own ground the Civil Service C.C. defeated Hong Kong C.C. by nine wickets.

The visitors batting first made 77 runs, and F. M. Spence made 31 runs not out. R. S. W. Patterson did the "hat trick" and took six wickets for 25 runs. Grimmer also took four wickets for 39 runs.

The Civil Service passed their opponents total for the loss of one wicket and scored 109 runs for six wickets. H. F. Harper retired after making 51 runs, and B. R. Davies made 35 runs. J. N. Owen took one wicket for 10 runs.

**Scores—**  
Hong Kong C.C. 2nd XI: 77 runs.  
Civil Service 2nd XI: 109 runs for 6 wickets.

## CHINA LIGHT AND CLUB DE RECREIO.

The China Light defeated the Club de Recreio on their ground by a narrow margin of one run.

The visitors batted first and ran up 63 runs. C. B. Easterbrook making top score with 35 runs. Kelly also contributed 19 runs. For Recreio, Carvalho took two wickets for three runs and Basto took three wickets for 7 runs. The Club de Recreio just failed to reach their opponents' total and made 62 runs. H. A. Alves made highest score for his side with 24 runs and D. Xarier contributed 21 runs. Gleno and Kelly were the chief bowlers for their side. Clemo took five wickets for 31 runs and Kelly took two for 22 runs.

**China Light: 63 runs.**  
**Recreio: 62 runs.**

## LEAGUE TABLES.

The positions in the League to date are as under—

**Division I.**

Club	P.	W.	L.	D.	Pts.
University	8	7	0	1	21
Kowloon C.C.	8	5	1	0	16
Craigengower	8	3	3	2	12
Royal Navy	7	3	2	2	11
Indian R.C. "A"	7	2	3	2	9
Civil Service	7	1	3	3	6
Chinese R.C.	7	1	2	4	5
Royal Artillery	7	1	1	5	4
Indian R.C. "B"	5	0	1	4	1

**Division II.**

Club	P.	W.	L.	D.	Pts.
University 2nd XI	9	0	0	27	0
Club de Recreio	8	0	0	2	18
K.C.C. 2nd XI	7	5	1	1	16
H.A.O.C.	8	0	0	3	15
Royal Navy 2nd XI	4	4	1	4	13
Police R.C.	3	2	1	0	9
Electric R.C.	2	2	1	0	7
Royal Engineers	2	0	0	0	6
Civil Service	2	0	0	0	6
Tamar	2	0	1	1	1

## LOCAL FOOTBALL.

## SATURDAY'S RESULTS.

## H.K.F.C. AND KOWLOON F.C. DRAW.

High wind effects play. Saturday's games resulted as under—

## H.K.F.C. CHALLENGE SHIELDS.

## SEMI-FINALS.

**Seniors.**  
Hong Kong F.C. 1; Kowloon F.C. 1 (after extra time).

**Juniors.**  
St. Joseph's "A," 2; K.O.S.B.'s Reserves 1.

China Athletic Reserves, 2; Kowloon Reserves, 0.

## HONG KONG LEAGUE.

**Division I.**  
R.A.F. 1; K.O.S.B.'s 1.

**Division II. "A."**  
South China "A," 1; University, 1.

## NOTES ON THE GAMES.

Hong Kong F.C. v. Kowloon F.C. These teams met on the H.K.F.C. ground before a good attendance.

G. Duncan replaced Read on the Kowloon right. Alexander came in the Club team, while Bishop dropped to his old position to partner Black. Kowloon played the better football and were a little unlucky in not gaining a victory. The wind prevented really good play and the fight of the ball was difficult to judge. The match was a matter of the Kowloon attack against the Club defence and the latter held out until late in the second half, when Northey, always troubling the defence, found an opening and beat Rodgers from close range.

However, the Club stuck to their guns and a corner enabled them to level up through Stewart who headed into the net.

There was a ding dong struggle for the lead. Kowloon doing nearly all the attacking, while an occasional breakthrough by the



## KWANTI STEEPLECHASE MEETING.

## SAN DIEGO WINS HARTFORD CUP.

## AN EXCITING AFTERNOON'S SPORT.

[By RAPIER.]

There was a fairly representative gathering at Kwanti on Saturday afternoon and although the fields were not big the racing was always interesting. Amongst those noticed were Commodore and Mrs. Pearson, Col. and Mrs. Conyn, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Hall and a strong contingent of the Scots Guards. The favourites were in most instances either just beaten or left behind on account of falls, as was the case with Cavare. Bulteel got his initial loss on this pony which stumbled badly in the back stretch. Luckily he was unhurt but unfortunately the same cannot be said of Durlacher who crashed owing to his mount shying at the third fence. He is at present in hospital suffering from concussion and his condition is possibly aggravated by his having previously been concussed. A short rest will I trust see him amongst us again cheerily and well. Shillington won two races on Ace of Spades and Reidy also had two wins. Usher won the Scots Guards Cup on Mowgli while Alec Potts carried off the Dowbiggin Cup with Craigavad. Col. Hall Brutton got the fields well away and everything went smoothly thanks chiefly to Dr. Pierce Grove who has the distinction (or rather shares it) of putting 'Chasing on the map of South China.

## THE RACING.

There were seven starters in the first race and Craigavad with Drake joint favourites. It was a fight between these two ponies practically the whole way round and Craigavad won by a narrow margin having apparently regained his old form. Macnamara did well to secure third place on James Figg considering he was carrying 135 lbs. but his style of riding takes at least 10 lbs. off a pony.

In a field of nine Shillington went ahead in the second race on Ace of Spades and won as he liked with Gold Medal and Scooter filling the places.

The race for the Hartford Cup brought out five ponies with most of the money on San Diego. At the third fence Blotting Paper shied badly and unseated Durlacher who fell rather heavily. The issue was left to San Diego and Easton Day and it was not until the last fence that San Diego showed his superiority and won by two lengths. The fourth race attracted a field of four and the favourite Cavare fell in the back stretch and parted company with Bulteel and Morgan also had a spill about the same time but managed to mount again. With Cavare out of the running Loch Rannoch won as he liked with Two Step filled second place by a process of attrition and Morgan's mount took the remaining place.

The Scots Guards race was a good one. There were six starters and Erskine on Rupert wisely made the pace in the country in an attempt to establish a big lead over Mowgli before entering the course. He was not successful in doing this as Usher managed to keep his mount fairly well up and when it came to the sticks Mowgli proved the better pony. Drummond Moray's name was here added to those who bit the dust but happily with no ill effects. It was a relief to see Miller drive safely on Alhambra as this pony has already broken up two of its riders.

Ace of Spades won the last race with a 15 lbs. penalty but this made little difference as he was still carrying the same weight that he did in the second race and was never headed. Scooter ran a good second with More Better many lengths behind.

## THE OFFICIALS.

The officials of the meeting were: Patron:—H.E. The Governor, Sir Cecil Clementi, K.C.M.G.; Honorary Stewards:—H.E. Viscount Sir Reginald Y. Tyrwhitt, Bart, K.C.B., D.S.O., D.C.L. (Oxon), H.E. Major-General C. G. Luard, O.B., C.M.G., Commodore J. L. Pearson, C.M.G.

Stewards for the Meeting:—Hon. Mr. D. G. M. Bernard, Mr. R. M. Dyer, Mr. L. Dunbar.

In charge of Cash Sweep and Pari-Mutuel:—Hon. Mr. W. E. L. Shenton.

In charge of Scales:—Mr. F. Sutton.

In charge of Paddock:—Mr. H. B. L. Dowbiggin.

Judges:—Messrs. H. P. White and C. G. Mackie.

Starter:—Lieut. Col. G. K. Hall Brutton.

Joint Masters:—Mr. H. Birkett and Dr. F. Pierce Grove.

Clerk of the Course:—Dr. F. Pierce Grove.

## THE RESULTS.

Dowbiggin Cup Handicap: About 1 1/2 Miles.

Mr. Potts' Craigavad, 173 lbs. (Mr. Potts) 1.

Dr. Durran's Drake, 135 lbs. (Dr. Durran) 2.

Mr. Macnamara's James Figg, 135 lbs. (Mr. Macnamara) 3.

Also ran:—Mr. Watson's Vincent, 175 lbs. (Mr. Watson); Mr. Crabbe's Strathlorne, 162 lbs. (Mr. Crabbe); Col. Bird's Mr. Backhouse's Sheila, 165 lbs. (Mr. Backhouse).

Won by a neck; many lengths between second and third.

Pari-mutuel:—Winner: \$11.50.

Places: 1st, \$5.50; 2nd, \$3.30; 3rd, \$5.30.

Winner. Places.

Craigavad ..... 51 70

Drake ..... 50 60

James Figg ..... 13 35

Strathlorne ..... 5 3

Sheila ..... 4 16

Vincent ..... 4 6

Smart Guy ..... 4 5

March Maiden Stakes: About One Mile.

Mr. Shillington's Ace of Spades, 161 lbs. (Mr. Shillington) 1.

Mr. Crabbe's Gold Medal, 155 lbs. (Mr. Crabbe) 2.

Mrs. Paterson's Scooter, 148 lbs. (Mr. Miller) 3.

Also ran:—Mr. Macnamara's Lord Scampardale, 155 lbs. (Mr. Elliott); Lt.-Col. Henton's Safety First, 161 lbs. (Mr. De Villiers); Col. Hayley Bell's Shady Joe, 167 lbs. (Mr. Hayley Bell); Messrs. Stanton and Reidy's 184 lbs. (Mr. Usher); Mr. Durlacher's Yellow Shadow, 155 lbs. (Mr. Durlacher); Mrs. Dyer's Yorks, 153 lbs. (Mr. Reidy).

Won by many lengths; two lengths between second and third.

Pari-mutuel:—Winner: \$21.20.

Places: 1st, \$7.50; 2nd, \$7.70; 3rd, \$13.50.

Winner. Places.

Tarzan ..... 50 50

Gold Medal ..... 45 48

Ace of Spades ..... 37 50

Yorks ..... 19 28

Scooter ..... 8 15

Shady Joe ..... 6 9

Yellow Shadow ..... 5 10

Safety First ..... 3 2

Lord Scampardale ..... 2 1

Hartford Cup: About 1 1/2 Miles.

Messrs. Stanton and Reidy's San Diego, 155 lbs. (Mr. Reidy) 1.

Mr. Erskine's Easter Day, 163 lbs. (Mr. Erskine) 2.

Dr. Pierce Grove's Siang River, 155 lbs. (Mr. Morgan) 3.

Also ran:—Mr. Watson's Blotting Paper, 160 lbs. (Mr. Durlacher); Mr. Backhouse's Nimrod, 158 lbs. (Mr. Backhouse).

Won by four lengths; many lengths between second and third.

Pari-mutuel:—Winner: \$8.50.

Places: 1st, \$5.40; 2nd, \$5.70.

Winner. Places.

San Diego ..... 173 92

Easter Day ..... 92 57

Blotting Paper ..... 12 27

Siang River ..... 1 2

Nimrod ..... 1 6

Pari-mutuel:—Winner: \$10.50.

Places: 1st, \$5.40; 2nd, \$5.30; 3rd, \$5.80.

Winner. Places.

Rupert ..... 107 91

Mowgli ..... 132 34

Alhambra ..... 17 24

Pekin ..... 4 18

Seal Tax ..... 4 13

Robert ..... 4 9

Moderate Plate: About 7 Furlongs.

Mr. Shillington's Ace of Spades, 161 lbs. (Mr. Shillington) 1.

Mrs. Paterson's Scooter, 155 lbs. (Mr. Usher) 2.

Mr. Maas' More Better, 155 lbs. (Mr. Bulteel) 3.

Also ran:—Dr. Anderson's Honey-moon, 155 lbs. (Mr. Durran); Mr. Backhouse's Nimrod, 153 lbs. (Mr. Backhouse); Lieut. Col. Henton's Safety First, 161 lbs. (Mr. De Villiers); Col. Hayley Bell's Shady Joe, 168 lbs. (Mr. Hayley Bell); Mr. Miller's Tarzan, 153 lbs. (Mr. Miller).

Won by two lengths; many lengths between second and third.

Pari-mutuel:—Winner: \$8.40.

Places: 1st, \$5.30; 2nd, \$5.80; 3rd, \$5.80.

Winner. Places.

Ace of Spades ..... 133 76

More Better ..... 68 47

Alhambra ..... 28 35

Tarzan ..... 8 12

Nimrod ..... 4 7

Shady Joe ..... 4 6

Honey-moon ..... 4 5

Safety First ..... 3 7

WINNING NUMBERS.

THE \$1 "A" CASH SWEEP.

Prizes awarded in the big 'one dollar "A" cash sweep on the third race were as follows:—

Ticket No. 4499 ..... \$2,883.30

" " 3390 ..... 825.80

" " 5247 ..... 411.90

" " 4448 ..... 108.50

" " 1843 ..... 108.50

USUAL SWEEPS.

The prizes and winning numbers in the usual \$5 cash sweeps were:—

Race I.

Ticket No. 90 ..... \$74.90

" " 20 ..... 21.20

" " 12 ..... 10.80

Unplaced runners of \$5 each:—Nos. 6, 8, 18, 19.

Race II.

Ticket No. 87 ..... \$140.70

" " 59 ..... 40.90

" " 11 ..... 20.10

Unplaced runners of \$10 each:—Nos. 24, 47, 41, 49, 35, 7.

Race III.

Ticket No. 60 ..... \$184.10

" " 3 ..... 59.60

" " 30 ..... 29.30

Unplaced runners of \$10 each:—Nos. 13, 15.

Race IV.

Ticket No. 38 ..... \$903.70

" " 10 ..... 58.20

" " 59 ..... 29.10

Unplaced runners of \$10 each:—No. 29.

Race V.

Ticket No. 20 ..... \$163.40

" " 5 ..... 52.40

" " 45 ..... 26.20

Unplaced ponies of \$10 each:—Nos. 54, 80, 57.

Race VI.

Ticket No. 16 ..... \$273.70

" " 3390 ..... 76.20

" " 5247 ..... 30.10

Unplaced runners of \$10 each:—Nos. 18, 27, 35, 94, 53.

MACAO RACES.

ENTRIES FOR MARCH MEETING.

The following are the entries for sixth extra race meeting of the International Race and Recreation Club of Macao, Ltd., which takes place on Sunday, March 11th:—

The Sun Nien Plate: 1/2 Mile.

Mr. S. W. Cheng's Wuchang, Mr. Recreation's Solar Day, Little Darling; Mr. Yam Man's Cherry Brandy; Mr. R.C.'s Glenmarin; Mr. S. W. Hee's Ching Hoi and Kwong Chow; Messrs. Wing Fat & Co.'s Lucky Star; H.E.'s Velox; Mr. S. Y. Liang's Six Hundred; Mr. S. W. Cheng's Gallop and Wake (late Artistic Hall); Messrs. Luo Yick's Tap Siao; Mr. Tang's Sutherland; Mr. Union's Fook Shan; Messrs. Kiangwan & Co.'s Sugar Loaf; Mr. S. W. Cheng's Gallop and Wake (late Artistic Hall); Messrs. Luo Yick's Tap Siao; Mr. Tang's Sutherland.

The Shang Yuen Plate: 1/4 Miles.

Mr. Recreation's Wild Fellow and Solar Day; Mr. S. W. Cheng's Wuchang; Mr. Luen Yick's Ma Kau Siao; H.E.'s Velox; Mr. S. Y. Liang's Six Hundred; Mr. S. W. Cheng's Gallop and Wake (late Artistic Hall); Messrs. Luo Yick's Tap Siao; Mr. Tang's Sutherland; Mr. Union's Fook Shan; Messrs. Kiangwan & Co.'s Sugar Loaf; Mr. S. W. Cheng's Gallop and Wake (late Artistic Hall); Messrs. Luo Yick's Tap Siao; Mr. Tang's Sutherland.

The Sun Nien Plate: 1/2 Mile.

Mr. S. W. Cheng's Wuchang, Mr. Recreation's Solar Day, Little Darling; Mr. Yam Man's Cherry Brandy; Mr. R.C.'s Glenmarin; Mr. S. W. Hee's Ching Hoi and Kwong Chow; Messrs. Wing Fat & Co.'s Lucky Star; H.E.'s Velox; Mr. S. Y. Liang's Six Hundred; Mr. S. W. Cheng's Gallop and Wake (late Artistic Hall); Messrs. Luo Yick's Tap Siao; Mr. Tang's Sutherland; Mr. Union's Fook Shan; Messrs. Kiangwan & Co.'s Sugar Loaf; Mr. S. W. Cheng's Gallop and Wake (late Artistic Hall); Messrs. Luo Yick's Tap Siao; Mr. Tang's Sutherland.

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The Sun Nien Plate: 1/2 Mile.



## HONG KONG-CANTON "ENTENTE."

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 5.)

### SIR SHOU SON CHOW'S WELCOME.

After tea, Sir Shou Son Chow extended a cordial welcome to his guests. Everybody who had been invited was present, he remarked, and that was a striking tribute to the Marshal. No better proof could be desired that everyone in Hong Kong wished to accord the most enthusiastic welcome possible to Marshal Li.

Sir Shou Son Chow also referred to the misunderstandings of the year before last and expressed his sincere joy that the chaos of that time had given place to happy relations and prosperous trade conditions. Prosperity in business vitally depended on international goodwill and internal peace.

Marshal Li was warmly praised for what he had accomplished and tribute was paid to the cordiality of the Marshal's reception of the speaker and the Hon. Dr. Kotewall when they visited Canton recently. As the "Chief Commander" of the two Kwang provinces, Marshal Li had earned the gratitude of all Chinese. He had paved the way to a close relationship between the British Colony and Canton and every patriotic Chinese should remember that their Chairman Li Tsai Hsin had accomplished a thing of real and lasting good for China.

The speaker then proposed the health of the Marshal, which was most enthusiastically received.

### A BARRIER REMOVED.

DR. KOTEWALL'S HAPPY SMILE.

The Hon. Dr. Kotewall's then spoke as follows:

Marshal Li.—For three years, an impassable barrier had sprung up between Canton and Hong Kong, a barrier which grew till there seemed a chance of breaking through. Conferences had taken place but without effect, and the longing of the people of both places had deepened like that of a thirsty land which cries for rain. But now Marshal Li has, by his visit, swept away that barrier. (Applause.) The Chinese of Hong Kong rejoice in the good fortune that must flow to them from this. Therefore to-day they, in extending a warm welcome to Marshal Li, welcome him not only as the Administrative Chief of the two Kwang Provinces, but also as one who has come and united a big knot for them. (Applause and cheer.)

Some weeks ago, when Sir Shou Son Chow and I went to Canton, we were most cordially received by Marshal Li, who opened his heart to us on the subject of co-operation between Canton and Hong Kong. We then knew that the day was not far off when Canton and Hong Kong would closely co-operate in a spirit of real friendship and mutual goodwill. To-day that vision has been realized, to our manifold comfort and joy. (Applause.)

Sir Shou Son Chow and I, as Chinese representatives, have, but one aim—the good of the Chinese of Hong Kong. (Applause.) We do not mingle in political matters outside Hong Kong; but the political situation in Canton is closely bound up with the commerce of Hong Kong. We cannot therefore evade our responsibility, and so, in our small way, we are setting our hands to the plough.

Marshal Li is rooting out the evil of Communism in Canton and stamping out brigandage. (Loud applause.) In this, he and the Hong Kong Government are united for mutual help, to the end that the citizens of both places may go about their daily life in peace. This is what we Chinese in Hong Kong pray for, and we therefore wish Marshal Li untold success. (Applause.)

### MARSHAL LI'S REPLY.

SOOTHING DENUNCIATION OF COMMUNISTS.

Cheers and prolonged applause greeted Marshal Li Tsai Hsin when he rose to reply.

Marshal Li said that the misunderstanding which had arisen between Canton and Hong Kong was entirely due to the Communists. Agents, such as "Down with Capitalism," and "Down with the Compradors" were not originated by the real Nationalist Party. Many misguided people did not in the least realize the horrors committed by the Communists. "They are now beginning to see light. They have before them the example of Red 'policy' in Swatow and Haikang."

To wipe out Mankind. Marshal Li said that the logical outcome of "Red" policy would be the final destruction of mankind and the related a personal experience with a party of "Yu Tei" (outlaws) in Luchow peninsula. They

went about systematically destroying everything in order to force the people to join up with them. The people were first of all deprived of their means of livelihood and driven to such a desperate state that they had no alternative but to submit to becoming nominal communists. The evil was exposed and that was why he, Marshal Li, started the movement against Communism in April last.

The Marshal said that the work had been most difficult and heart-breaking. Often he seemed to find himself in a cul-de-sac, but knowing that it would be for the ultimate good for his countrymen, he kept on and now he was glad to say that the power of Communism had been broken.

### The Teachings Of Dr. Sun Yat Sen.

Marshal Li then drew attention to the teachings of Dr. Sun Yat Sen, the founder of the Nationalist Party. It had always been the object of the late Dr. Sun to save his country. He was a constructionist, but unfortunately his real policy had been distorted by the communist element. "A real nationalist is constructive and not destructive. You are all constructionists."

### Hong Kong's Help.

The Marshal promised that he would use all resources at his disposal for the preservation of peace and stability and for that reason he had come to Hong Kong. Mutual co-operation was essential because Hong Kong and Canton were inter-dependent. Exports from Canton had to pass through Hong Kong and imports into Canton had also to pass through the British Colony.

The Marshal also expressed his gratitude to Sir Shou Son Chow and the Hon. Dr. Kotewall in making the present visit possible by going up to him as representatives of the Hong Kong Government. He also thanked the gathering for the warm reception accorded to him. He did not regard this as an honour merely to himself but it was an honour to all Chinese. He extended a welcome to all Hong Kong people to Canton and he advised the merchants of the Colony to visit Canton in the interests of co-operation between the official and merchant classes. (Loud applause.)

### CHAMBER OF COMMERCE DINNER.

MARSHAL EXPLAINS HIS WAY WITH DISORDERLY FACTIONS.

In the evening a dinner party was given at the South China Restaurant to the distinguished visitors by the Chinese General Chamber of Commerce. Mr. Li Tsai Hsin, Chairman of the Chamber, presided. He was supported by Sir Shou Son Chow and the Hon. Dr. R. E. Kotewall.

The main hall of the South China Restaurant was decorated with flags and bunting and a big crowd assembled outside the building to catch a glimpse of Marshal Li.

Police arrangements were excellent. There were detectives in plain clothes on every floor. Just outside the main hall on the seventh floor were Chief Det. Insp. T. Murphy and Sub-Insps. Lane and Mr. F. Mow Fung, Assistant Superintendent of the Police. The entire building was well guarded allowing no possibility of entrance to suspicious characters. Outside in the road, extra policemen were on duty, and traffic was stopped at the times when the Marshal arrived and left.

The Marshal arrived in H.E. the Governor's car, driven by an Indian chauffeur, while his party arrived in cars placed at their disposal by Sir Shou Son Chow and the Hon. Dr. Kotewall.

As soon as the Marshal was seated, a huge string of crackers were let off, lasting over fifteen minutes.

There were a representative gathering of Chinese businessmen present, and some four hundred covers were ordered.

### An Honour To All Chinese.

Toasts to the Chinese Republic and to Marshal Li were given by Mr. Li Yan Cheun, who said that it was indeed an honour to all Chinese to see that Madame Li was the first Chinese lady invited to stay in Government House as a guest.

The speaker expressed the hope that under the guidance of Marshal Li, Kwangtung will become the richest province in China and that all Chinese will henceforth live as one family. The chairman said that they all had great confidence in the promises made by Marshal Li. "I sincerely wish you, Marshal Li, long life and prosperity," concluded Mr. Li.

The Fight With Factions. Marshal Li in reply thanked both the Hong Kong Government and the Chinese community for their reception.

Marshal Li then spoke of his struggle with Communism and the attacks which this element had made on him personally. He had now stopped labour unions calling strikes and forbidden students to meddle in politics. Unruly peasants who left their fields untilled in order to form themselves into peasant corps had been made to go back to their work.

His advice to all labourers was to look to the future. Increased wages were all very well and sounded fine, but they were discounted by the amount of work available being reduced. "We should all combine to make the country rich and when we had achieved that we shall be happy but we must co-operate," added the Marshal.

The present depreciation of the Central Bank notes was causing him much anxiety, but he expressed the hope that in about three months, the notes would be back at par. He had by practicing the strictest economy and retrenchment succeeded in putting away \$2,000,000 for the redemption of the notes.

Marshal Li said that when he returned to Canton he would inform the Kwangtung Government of the warm reception given him both by the European and Chinese community of Hong Kong. He would also do everything within his power to preserve amity.

### THE OFFICIAL DEPARTURE.

MARSHAL LI BIDS FAREWELL TO ALL PRESENT.

Yesterday morning Marshal Li Tsai Hsin and party bade farewell to Hong Kong. There were a large gathering at Queen's Pier to see the distinguished visitors, among them present being the Hon. Mr. E. R. Hallifax, C.M.G., Sir Shou Son Chow, the Hon. Dr. R. E. Kotewall, C.M.G., Capt. Palmer, representing the Admiral, Sir Reginald Tyrwhitt, Major General C. O. Luard (G.O.C.), Mr. W. E. L. Shenton, the Hon. Mr. D. G. M. Bernard, the Hon. Mr. R. A. C. North, Mr. R. E. Lindsell, Mr. W. Schofield, Mr. Li Yan Cheun, Mr. Kwong Yue Siem, Mr. Kong Siu Lau and the Hon. Mr. A. D. C. Wolfe, C.M.G.

In front of Queen's Pier was a Guard of Honour from the Queen's Regiment and the full band of the same regiment also paraded. Marshal Li arrived with H.E. the Governor at ten o'clock, his party following in other cars. The guard gave the salute and then accompanied by Sir Cecil Clementi and Capt. Whyte, Marshal Li inspected the guard.

Marshal Li shook hands with everyone present and was then accompanied to the head of the pier by H.E. the Governor, Marshal Li and his party then boarded the launch "Victoria" and Capt. Whyte accompanied them to the "Feiyang."

### H.E. THE GOVERNOR'S RETURN VISIT.

FULL PROGRAMME.

H.E. The Governor will pay a return visit to Canton accompanied by the Hon. Mr. E. R. Hallifax, C.M.G., Capt. Whyte and Capt. Foster. The party will leave for Canton on Thursday night on the H.M.S. "Tarentula" and "Cicala." Arriving in Canton the following morning the party will make an official landing at the Canton Government Pier.

The party will then proceed to Government Headquarters where there will be a reception. H.E. the Governor will later go to Shamone where Lady Clementi will join the party. After lunch at the British Consulate the afternoon will be devoted to sight seeing. In the evening the party will dine with Marshal Li Tsai Hsin when it is expected that ladies will also be present. Lady Clementi will lunch with the wives of leading members of the Canton Government on Saturday morning and later dine with Madame Li Tsai Hsin on Friday night, while His Excellency will lunch with the Mayor of Canton and at dinner the visitors will be the guests of the Chamber of Commerce, later visiting a Chinese theatre. On Saturday afternoon the party will proceed to Whampoa in flower boats.

The return to Hong will be at daylight on Sunday.

## FINAL MESSAGES.

"YOUR COURTESIES AND KINDNESSES."

"A CHARMING PRECEDENT."

The following messages were interchanged by Marshal Li Tsai Hsin and H.E. Sir Cecil Clementi following the former's departure yesterday morning aboard the warship "Feiyang."

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, Government House, Hong Kong.

I have the honour to thank you for your courtesies and kindnesses extended to me on my formal visit to Hong Kong. I wish to assure you of a very sincere welcome from the provincial Government and the people when you return my official call in Canton. The result of our mutual visits will certainly lead to improving international relations and encouraging commercial intercourse. My heart goes with this telegram.

LI TSAI HSIN.

Sir Cecil Clementi replied as follows:—

HIS EXCELLENCY, MARSHAL LI CHAI SUN, On Board the "Feiyang."

Many thanks for your telegram. Your very welcome visit has re-established the traditional amity between Canton and Hong Kong in an unmistakable manner and upon a basis so firm that we hope it may never again be shaken.

The presence of Madame Li Tsai Hsin and Mrs. Li Man Yan added a touch of personal friendship and sets a charming precedent for the future. My wife and I look forward with pleasant expectation to our visit to Canton on Friday next.

CLEMENTI.

## MOTOR-CAR CRASH IN FOG.

DIRECTOR OF BANK OF ENGLAND'S DEATH.

INQUEST OPENED.

CAMBRIDGE.

The inquiry into the death of Mr. Michael Stephen Spencer-Smith, of Stansted, Essex, a director of the Bank of England, was opened and adjourned at Addenbrookes Hospital, Cambridge, after formal evidence of identification had been given by Mr. Frederick Raymond Pelly, a company director, of London.

The deceased met his death in a motor-car accident that occurred on the Newmarket-London road at a recognised danger spot known as the "Linton crossroads" when his car collided with a motor lorry driven by Mr. Arthur Roy Chappel, of Stamford, Lincoln.

After taking formal evidence of identification, the Cambridge Borough coroner, Mr. G. A. Wootton, adjourned the inquest.

A Sudden Skid.

There was a ground fog lying over the country at the time, and apparently Mr. Spencer-Smith did not see, until it was too late, another car approaching the crossroads at right angles to the road on which he was travelling.

When he caught sight of the other car he immediately applied his brakes and skidded for some distance. Struck broadside on, Mr. Spencer-Smith's car overturned, and he and his son Peter, aged 15, were pinned underneath.

The driver of the other car was slightly injured, but after receiving attention at the hospital he was able to go home. Another man who was with him was unhurt.

Mr. Spencer-Smith and his son were taken to Addenbrookes Hospital, Cambridge. His son, who was severely injured, was this morning removed to a nursing home.

Mr. Spencer-Smith, who was educated at Eton and New College, Oxford, had a varied and brilliant career as a soldier. He joined up in the King's Royal Rifle Corps when the Great War broke out, serving latterly on the staff of the Canadian Corps heavy artillery. By 1918 he had become lieutenant-colonel, and received the M.C. and finally the D.S.O.

He was elected a director of the Bank of England in 1920, and was also a director of the London Assurance, the Anglo-International Bank (vice-chairman), the Anglo-Czechoslovakian Bank, the Banque des Pays de l'Europe Centrale, and the British Italian Banking Corporation.

## CANADA'S TOTE REVENUE.

MONTREAL.

The report of the Minister of Agriculture shows that during the past year \$2,680,324 was wagered on the raccourse totalisator in Canada. The Government retained \$203,671, and prize money totalled \$281,562.

There were 322 racing days.

## WELSHMAN DOWN ON HIS LUCK.

OUTSTAYS LEAVE FROM HOUSE OF DETENTION.

F. O. Richards, who described himself as a native of Wales was charged before Mr. Lindell on Saturday morning with failing to return to the House of Detention.

An official of the House said that Richards was committed to the House of Detention on February 23rd last. He was allowed out on Friday from noon till 4 p.m. but he did not return.

An Inspector from No. 9 Police Station informed the Magistrate that Richards reported at the Police Station at 9.30 at night. Witness had been notified by telephone of Richards non-appearance at the House of Detention and when a European presented himself as a detestable, the witness detained him.

Richards said that between the hours of 4 p.m. and 9.30 he had been "struggling for existence and doing my best to look for work." He declared that he had not been drinking.

His Worship pointed out that it was 9.30 p.m. when he reported at the Police Station.

Richards replied that he was sick and lost track of time.

Sentence of fourteen days' hard labour was passed.

## BACKED INTO THE HARBOUR.

An Overland Whippet No. 388, was left by a Chinese chauffeur last night outside the Canton Wharf, but on returning he found that his car had fallen into the harbour. It was stated that an Indian Constable evidently objecting to the car being parked on the spot, attempted to move it away with the result that both he and the car went backwards into the water.

Inspector Alexander arrived on the spot and promised the man that his car would be raised this morning.

## VICTIMS OF SLEEPY SICKNESS.

COLONY SUGGESTED FOR THE HOPELESS.

A special industrial colony for children over sixteen suffering from the after-effects of sleepy sickness was suggested by Dr. G. A. Borthwick, medical superintendent of the Northern Hospital, Windermere Hill, in his report on the disease to the Metropolitan Asylums Board.

Referring to the work of the Post Cephalitis Lethargica Unit at the hospital, Dr. Borthwick said:—"Despite investigations throughout the world, the causal agent remains unknown, and no one has been able to demonstrate it microscopically or grow it on any artificial medium. I am of opinion that more or less permanent institutional treatment on the lines of our hospital school is necessary for the children suffering from the severe effects of the disease with a special industrial colony when they become over sixteen years of age."

The experimental unit has not been productive of any positive cumulative results, but it has proved very valuable as an observation station where cases may be investigated and classified. There is very little hope that patients suffering from the many after-effects of encephalitis lethargica will ever, generally speaking, be cured, for evidence shows that the nerve cells attacked by the virus are irretrievably damaged. It may be possible in a minority of cases to educate other cells to function in place of the old ones, but this will require a very long task involving months and, maybe, years of patient endeavour."

Dr. Borthwick also stated:—"The more severe cases showing marked mental restlessness, lying, thieving, sexual excitement, etc., have benefited also by the discipline of the hospital school, but, despite long periods of residence, most of them relapse when care and discipline are relaxed, and many of those who were removed from the unit by their parents against medical advice have subsequently become involved in difficulties both morally and criminally."

The board agreed that the report of the Superintendent should be forwarded to the Ministry of Health, and that the unit should be continued until further orders.

## THE PELICAN'S APPETITE.

344 SMALL COD IN ITS STOMACH.

ADELAIDE.

Pelicans are seriously threatening the fishing industry on the River Murray.

One bird was found to contain 344 small cod in its stomach, and another had 200 immature cod.

As there are millions of these and other fish-eating birds, steps are being taken to deal with the menace.

## NOT ENOUGH BEARDS.

THE ANNUAL COST OF SHAVING.

ENOUGH TO PAY INTEREST ON AMERICAN DEBT.

AN AMUSING TILT AT NUDE FACES.

Mr. James Douglas, the Editor of the *Sunday Express*, makes a strong plea for more beards.

As I walk up and down the streets of London, he writes, I often grow weary of gazing on bare-faced men and bare-faced women, and I am tempted to wish that I had not been condemned to live in a bare-faced age. I see no reason why men should painfully deprive their features of their natural adornments and decorations, the moustaches, the whiskers, and the beard.

It must be acknowledged that women are monstrously like each other owing to their smooth and unornamented expanse of lip and cheek and chin. They are not like the trees that embellish their boughs with green leaves. They are not like ruins that rejoice in moss and ivy. Their faces are naked.

Why should men go about with nude faces? Why should they mow their chins like lawns every morning? Shaving is a mutilation, a torment which is utterly unnecessary. It involves an enormous waste of time. It entails an incalculable amount of agony. If men could be persuaded to allow their faces to grow hair as a meadow grows grass they would lengthen their lives.

The time wasted on the process of shaving might be usefully employed. No man likes to shave his face. It is a disagreeable duty. It is also costly. The annual shaving bill of the nation must run into millions. The cost of shaving ten million men can hardly be less than fifty millions a year, which is more than moneyness on the income tax. If we could abolish shaving we could save enough to pay the annual interest on the American debt.

I am sure that men would look better if they wore beards, for there is hardly any male face that would not be more handsome if it were framed with its natural hair.

The beard conceals the displeasing defects of the masculine countenance. It softens the hard mouth. It veils the weak chin. I shudder to think of a clean-shaven Shakespeare, Drake, Disraeli, Salisbury, Carlyle, Ruskin, or Browning. Bernard Shaw is inconceivable without his beard. If he would consent to be shaven I am sure his photograph would reveal characteristics hitherto unsuspected by the Shavians.

On the other hand, I am certain that many of our bare-faced celebrities would be more lovable if they took refuge in their natural hairiness. Signor Mussolini with a beard would look far less tyrannical. A beard would mollify the aspect of Lord Birkenhead and Mr. Churchill.

Mr. Lloyd George very wisely wears his hair long and hides his predatory lips behind a luxuriant moustache. If he were to grow a Druidical beard he would become so disarmingly benevolent and benignant that he might rob any hen roost without exciting suspicion.

As for our young men, beards would deliver them from their tendency to resemble the ferocious flapper whose Elton crop renders her so formidable. As our girls become more manly the beard is the only resource of the hunted male. Not one girl in a million can grow a beard. Even in Spain it is not easy for a beauty to develop a moustache.

A beard enables the most ordinary man to be different from his fellows. It stamps him as an original. It invests him with an heroic and romantic air. In Ireland the art of cultivating the beard is nearly as highly developed as it is in France or Russia—I do not see why we should allow beards to be the monopoly of yokels.

I plead for the beard as a male decoration. It would relieve the dull uniformity of the masculine face, with its grim, tight lips, its iron wrinkles, its treble chin, and its generally vacuous appearance. Why should men all look like American politicians and financial magnates? Let us have the wild poetry of hair and the royal rhetoric of whiskers. Bald pates are bad enough without the ugliness of bald faces.

## THOMAS HARDY'S LOST NOVEL.

SIR EDMUND GOSSE'S DISCLOSURE.

"THE POOR MAN AND THE LADY."

A striking literary revelation is made by Sir Edmund Gosse, who, in the *Sunday Times*, reveals that Thomas Hardy wrote in 1867 a novel which was never published, entitled "The Poor Man and the Lady."

This was Hardy's first effort at fiction, and was offered in turn to two firms of publishers, but rejected on the advice of their readers, but rejected on the advice of their who were, it is interesting to note, John Morley and George Meredith.

Sir Edmund reveals the plot of the novel, as related to him by Thomas Hardy. The story concerned the son of peasants working on the estate of a Dorsetshire squire and the beautiful daughter of the squire. The peasant's son and the squire's daughter fell in love, and in the story Hardy relates that the "Poor Man" is heard by "the Lady" addressing a crowded meeting in Trafalgar Square.

Hardy paused here to remark, says Sir Edmund, "that this was a rather remarkable prophecy, because at that time no such meetings had ever been held in Trafalgar Square, and John Morley actually pointed out this scene to him as absurd and impossible."

Hardy destroyed the manuscript, but later four or five pages were found which had been spared by some accident.

## "THO. HARDY."

Abbey Curtailment Only Temporary.

A small stone slab in the Poets' Corner of Westminster Abbey, placed over the remains of Thomas Hardy, bearing the simple inscription: "Thos. Hardy, O.M." led to a protest being made by the Rev. C. H. Robinson of Derby.

"Were the limitations of space so inextensible that it was necessary to abbreviate Mr. Hardy's first name?" asked Mr. Robinson. "Surely, if at all possible, so simple a name should have appeared in full."

A *Sunday Times* representative was informed that the slab was merely a temporary one placed in position mainly for the guidance of visitors, and that shortly it will be replaced by a permanent slab fittingly inscribed.

"It is customary only to have a temporary inscription until it is decided what is most fitting," said an Abbey official. "This decision rests with the Dean and Chapter. It is impossible to say when the permanent stone will actually be laid. In fact, the temporary tablet to Mr. Benar Law has never been changed."

An extraordinary coincidence is that in the nave of the Abbey there is a stone of exactly the same size and colour as the one in Poets' Corner, inscribed:—

"Thos. Hardy, B.M., 1732."

It was placed there to the memory of Admiral Sir Thomas Hardy, who served under Rooke at Cadix.

There are, owing to space limitations, a number of stones in the Abbey-bearing abbreviated names.

## WAGES FOR WIVES.

WOMEN VOTE AGAINST AT I.L.P. CONFERENCE.

During a discussion on "Should wives receive wages?" at a conference at Swansea of the Welsh Divisional Independent Labour Party, two of the delegates who opposed the suggestion were women.

Miss G. Cowles (Pontypridd), who made the proposition, said that a woman when married became a character, washerwoman, housewife, and many other things.

Mrs. Keating (Barry), who, as an old married woman, seconded the proposition, said, "It boils down to one thing—if you gave the man a decent living wage, he could give his wife extra comfort."

Speaking against, Mrs. Griffin (Merthyr) said, "It simply means in practice that the single man would not receive what we call a living wage. It would not mean more for the wife but less for the single person."

The resolution was carried on a show of hands by 18 votes to 15, but on a card vote the decision was reversed by 47 to 30.

In a discussion on the coal industry, Mr. Worrell said that one Labour M.P. charged 29 for addressing three meetings, and added, "There is going to be a need of purification in our own party. It is no good passing resolutions asking for better conditions for the workers when we are making an autocracy in our own movement."





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#### HONG KONG TIDE TABLE

From March 5th to 11th, 1928.

HIGH WATER. LOW WATER.

Day	Time	Height	Day	Time	Height
Mon.	1. m.	1.4	Mon.	1. m.	1.4
Tues.	1. m.	1.4	Tues.	1. m.	1.4
Wed.	1. m.	1.4	Wed.	1. m.	1.4
Thurs.	1. m.	1.4	Thurs.	1. m.	1.4
Fri.	1. m.	1.4	Fri.	1. m.	1.4
Sat.	1. m.	1.4	Sat.	1. m.	1.4
Sun.	1. m.	1.4	Sun.	1. m.	1.4

#### HONG KONG METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Hong Kong Observatory, March 4th.

Previous Day On Date On Date

Barometer	29.81	29.82	29.78
Humidity	78	100	86
Wind	ENE	ESE	ESE
Force	6	2	2
Weather	B	O	O
Rain	0.00	0.00	0.00

### THE SURTAX.

#### MR. SNOWDEN'S QUESTIONS TO CRITICS.

##### DEBT BURDEN.

Plymouth, Jan. 27th. Although he did not mention the word "surtax," Mr. Philip Snowden defended Labour's financial proposals to-night in a speech at Plymouth.

Unless they courageously tackled the question of the National Debt, he said, even a Labour Government would be sadly hampered in financing the resources necessary for reform. Income tax, super-tax, and death duties were the three main sources of revenue upon which a Labour Chancellor of the Exchequer would have to rely for financing his schemes of social reform. To-day every penny from those three sources was taken for the service of the National Debt. At the end of the war the Labour party put forward a proposal for raising by a considerable amount the total of the National Debt by a special levy on capital. That was rejected, and the operation seven or eight years later would for many financial reasons have been much more difficult. "But we still have the problem of the debt with us. Other measures must be devised, and the Labour party recently suggested a plan for increasing the annual amount set aside for the redemption of the debt. This plan has met with a great deal of hostile criticism both from the Conservatives and from the Liberals."

"I have never been able to understand the grounds of the criticism of certain Liberal Ministers to this proposal, because it was Mr. Asquith who made the distinction between earned and unearned income. There is solid justification for making such a distinction, especially in the lower ranges of income." If a small professional or business man made five hundred or a thousand a year that income ceased with his death, and unless by insurance he had made provision for his wife and family they were left in destitution. But in the case of a man with an income of five hundred pounds, a thousand pounds, or two thousand a year from property through investment he had no anxiety about his income. It was in no sense precarious, and there was this very important difference, that when he died the income remained.

##### A Question To Critics.

"This is a question I would like to put to the critics of the proposal. Are they prepared to leave the question of the redemption of the National Debt in the position in which it stands now? Are they willing to go on year after year raising nearly £400,000,000 to pay the interest upon the National Debt? I want an answer to that question, and it is sheer hypocrisy for Sir Herbert Samuel or any other Liberal or Conservative to talk about national economy and reducing national taxation unless they are prepared to do something drastic to reduce the debt charges. If they admit the burden of the debt, the next question I put to them is—Who are the people best able to make a contribution to the more rapid reduction of the debt? The answer to that question would be in the first place to 'rule out' the whole of the wage-earning classes of the country. They have no unexhausted taxable capacity. They are taxed up to the hilt already. People who are working hard, professionally or industrially, and making a fairly decent income, but an income which is precarious, they, surely, are not the people upon whom you would put additional taxation."

"Therefore there is only one class that remains, and that is the well-to-do people who derive their incomes without personal exertion, and whose incomes are permanent in their character. If, therefore, we are to raise more money for the payment of the debt, these are the only people upon whom the additional burden should be placed."

There was no form of expenditure so remunerative or beneficial as the public expenditure of money for useful purposes. Even accepting Sir Herbert Samuel's figure of the ultimate cost of social reform schemes of £220,000,000, if he (Mr. Snowden) were compelled to find the money he should be able to do it. There were very large reserves of untaxed resources which would be available for a Labour Government when it was called upon to meet the cost of the measure which had been passed by a popular Parliament.

The death duties ought to be used to serve another purpose—redistribution of wealth. That meant the limitation of the right of inheritance. "A man is entitled to everything he can earn honestly, and I will put no obstacle in the way of a man of genius who is capable of developing great enterprises thereby, adding to the wealth of the country and the increase of employment. I would encourage him. I would tax him means, but I see no justification for a man leaving to his heirs enormous wealth which enables them to withdraw from a useful work, and to live themselves and their descendants as parasites upon the industry of the country."

### BRITISH FARMERS' LOSSES.

#### LADY DAY FEARS.

##### MEN GIVING UP THE STRUGGLE.

There is no question that the farming position in this country to-day is worse than it was a year ago, writes the *Daily Mail* agricultural correspondent.

All the New Year meetings of farmers have brought out this fact. The agricultural transactions of Lady Day will furnish ample evidence in a concrete form.

In the ploughland districts particularly, unless a miracle happens, we shall hear of large numbers of men giving up the struggle.

##### Poverty-Stricken Farms.

The farms themselves are steadily deteriorating for lack of the capital to maintain and run them as they should be run. The farmers know it, but great numbers are in desperate financial straits and cannot help themselves. Many of them have never seen the farmlands of their countryside look so poverty-stricken as they look to-day.

They have suffered unprecedented losses in the last few years, and in the almost-unrelieved economic darkness of the past year came the heavy blow of a thoroughly bad climatic season. The one note of optimism generally sounded is that the weather this year cannot be worse and may well be propitious.

The land is not so productive as it was a year ago by the measure of its need of lime. This is one of the most serious and urgent factors in the present depression. Some experts declare that it is more important at the moment than anything else.

##### Loans For Lime.

Farmers have no money to pay for the liming of their land, yet it has been stated authoritatively that 75 per cent. of the agricultural land of Great Britain needs lime to bring it up to the necessary productive standard.

One county branch of the National Farmers' Union (Lincolnshire) recently passed a resolution urging that the Government should grant facilities for obtaining loans for the purchase of lime, the loans to be repayable after six years. It is certain that the question of lime will gain prominence in the coming year.

Production is being discouraged and lessened by the ever-increasing imports of foodstuffs from abroad, produced under conditions free of the numerous statutory burdens which the home producer is called on to bear, some of which have been superimposed on his troubles actually during the present period of depression.

Throughout the kingdom the rock-bottom cause of the farmers' plight—the wide disparity between the costs of production and selling prices—is even more acutely operative to-day than it was a year ago. It is not any wonder that land is going out of cultivation, that one hears of more deserted farms, more farms offered at nominal rents, more farms finding no purchaser.

Regarding the question from the national viewpoint, the United Kingdom is now producing only enough wheat to provide its bread for 10 weeks of the year, beef and mutton for a little more than 20 weeks, and pork and bacon a little less, but for seven weeks and cheese for 13 weeks.

These are the latest figures, given by the Empire Marketing Board, in its pamphlet emphasising the first claim of home agricultural produce on the home consumer.

In recent months farmers, looking beyond their individual troubles, again and again have stressed the dangerously low quota of the nation's food which is produced at home.

##### Government's Promise.

The crisis in the country's oldest industry is everywhere admitted, but so far all the representations of a desperate agriculture have met with no response from the Government adequate to meet it.

Mr. Alex. Bethel, of Craigie Home Farm, Dundee, one of Scotland's best-known farmers and a former chairman of the National Farmers' Union of Scotland, has summed up the position as between farmers and the Government in a review of the industry's burdens.

Referring to Mr. Bethel's Lincolnshire speech last July, in which the Premier promised that if the Farmers' Union would tell the Government how it can help agriculture "we will meet them more than half way," he states:

### DOG-TRACK FAILURE.

#### LIQUIDATOR AND POSSIBLE PENALTIES.

##### MATTERS WHICH NEED INVESTIGATION.

"This is, I think, the first of the greyhound racing companies to have smashed," stated Mr. W. H. Cork, accountant, presiding at the statutory meeting in London of the creditors of the Southern Canine Racing Stadium (Founders Syndicate), Ltd.

Mr. Cork added that the assets would probably be sufficient to pay the creditors in full, but the shareholders could not hope to recover more than a small proportion of the money they had invested.

The company was registered last August, and in September the capital was increased to £50,000. Apparently rather more than £12,000 was subscribed for shares, and something like £9,000 of that amount had gone to the promoters and in preliminary expenses, said Mr. Cork. The latter totalled £3,514. The only assets which the company now possessed in its own right were four dogs and some furniture.

A mechanical director was appointed, and he and the other directors appeared to have received fees. The directors of the company were Messrs. R. O. Graham, John Lacey, E. A. Coleman, Lieut. Col. F. S. H. Baldry, and Lord Sholto Douglas. The last two had apparently never taken up their qualification shares, neither had they received any remuneration.

Matters For Inquiry. There were matters which required careful investigation. Those identified with the company might have made themselves liable for penalties owing to the absence of books, and some of the directors might also be called upon to refund some of the money they had received.

Mr. Cork said he could not understand how any person of ordinary intelligence could read the prospectus and subscribe for shares.

A resolution was passed confirming the voluntary liquidation of the company, with Mr. Cork as liquidator.

### CONSIGNEE NOTICES.

#### COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

##### CONSIGNEE NOTICE.

S.S. "YALOU" BRINGING CARGO FROM ANTWERP, DUNKIRK, ROTTERDAM, LONDON, &c., ALSO CARGO FROM COGNAC & HAVRE, EX S.S. "FRI-HO".

CONSIGNEES are hereby informed that their Goods with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables are being landed and stored into the Godowns of the Hong Kong and Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon, whence Delivery may be obtained immediately after landing.

All Claims must be sent in to me on or before Monday, the 12th March, 1928, or they will not be recognised. Damaged Packages will be examined by the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. Goddard & Douglas in the presence of the Consignees at 10 a.m. on Friday, the 9th March, 1928.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever. L. LESDOS, Agent. Hong Kong, 3rd Mar., 1928. [5965]

#### NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.'S STEAMER "MONGOLIA".

ARRIVED HONG KONG ON 1st MARCH, 1928.

FROM ANTWERP, LONDON, GIBRALTAR, MARSEILLES, MALTA, PORTSAID, ADEEN, COLOMBO AND STRAITS.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo by the above-named Vessel are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hong Kong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, where each Consignment will be sorted out Mark by Mark and Delivery can be obtained as the Goods are landed.

Optional Goods will be landed here unless instructions have been given to the contrary six hours before arrival of the Steamer. Goods not cleared within 8 days including date of arrival will be subject to Rent.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever. Damaged Packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees and the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. Goddard & Douglas at 10 a.m. on Mondays and Thursdays, within the Free Storage period.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before 31st March, 1928, or they will not be recognised. The Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns. MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents. Hong Kong, 1st Mar., 1928. [5961]

### CONSIGNEE NOTICES.

#### THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD., COPENHAGEN.

THE M.V. "ASIA" having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed and placed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hong Kong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., where Delivery can be obtained as soon as the Goods are landed.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 9th of March, 1928, at 4 p.m. will be subject to Rent.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godown, where they will be examined by Messrs. Anderson and Ashe on the 8th of March, 1928, at 10 a.m.

All Claims against the Vessel must be presented to the Underwriter before the 12th of March, 1928, or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by JOHN MANNERS & Co., Ltd., Agents. Hong Kong, 2nd Mar., 1928. [5953]

#### HAMBURG-AMERICA LINE.

##### NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

#### THE Steamship "EMIL KIRDOFF".

having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby notified that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hong Kong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, where Delivery can be obtained as the Goods are landed.

Optional Cargo will be landed, unless Notice has been given prior to Steamer's arrival. No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after 8th March, 1928, will be subject to Rent.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on 7th March, 1928, at 10 a.m., by our Surveyors, Messrs. Goddard & Douglas.

All Claims must reach us before 22nd March, 1928, or they will not be recognised. No Fire Insurance will be effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the Underwriter.

JEBSEN & CO., Agents. Hong Kong, 1st Mar., 1928. [5948]

### CONSIGNEE NOTICES.

#### SERVICES CONTRACTUELS DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

##### CONSIGNEE NOTICE.

#### S.S. "PORTHOB".

BRINGING CARGO FROM MARCHÉ, LILLE, ALGER, COGNAC, EX S.S. "FORMIGNY".

CONSIGNEES are hereby informed that their Goods with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables are being landed and stored into the Godowns of the Hong Kong and Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon, whence Delivery may be obtained immediately after landing.

All Claims must be sent in to me on or before Saturday, the 10th March, 1928, or they will not be recognised. Damaged Packages will be examined by the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. Goddard & Douglas in the presence of the Consignees at 10 a.m. on Wednesday, the 7th March, 1928.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever. L. LESDOS, Agent. Hong Kong, 1st Mar., 1928. [5949]

## JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN-LIJN.

TEL. 1000  
JAVANESE  
TEL. 1000

#### REGULAR FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE BETWEEN JAVA, CHINA AND JAPAN

STEAMERS	FROM	EXPECTED ON OR ABOUT	WILL LEAVE ON OR ABOUT	FOR
TJIKARANG	SERAI, KLUANG & AMOY	5th Mar.	7th Mar.	BATAVIA
TJIMANOEK	JAVA, MANILA, AMOY & N. C.	12th	14th	AMOI & N. CHINA
TJILIWONG	JAVA, MANILA, AMOY & N. C.	12th	14th	MACAN & JAVA
TJIBODAS	JAVA, MANILA	15th	17th	SWATOW & HANKOW
TJISONDARI	BATAVIA	15th	17th	AMOI & N. CHINA
TJISAROE	SERAI, KLUANG & AMOY	19th	21st	BATAVIA
TJITABOEM	JAVA, MANILA, AMOY & N. C.	26th	27th	AMOI & N. CHINA
TJIBODAS	JAVA, MANILA, AMOY & N. C.	26th	27th	BATAVIA
TJIKEMBANG	BATAVIA	29th	1st Apr.	AMOI & N. CHINA
TJISONDARI	SERAI, KLUANG & AMOY	29th	4th	BATAVIA
TJILIBOEM	JAVA, MANILA, AMOY & N. C.	29th	10th	AMOI & N. CHINA
TJIMANOEK	JAVA, MANILA, AMOY & N. C.	29th	11th	MACAN & JAVA
TJIKARANG	BATAVIA	29th	15th	AMOI & N. CHINA

Wholesale and Retail Agents for Java, China and Japan. The Company has a fleet of modern steamships and a large number of experienced seamen. Cargo is carried at through rates to all ports in Java, China and Japan. For Freight and Passage apply to the Agents.

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN-LIJN.







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